The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MAY 21, 1908. NO 20.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN. Cashier.

OFFICIAL PROGRAM FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

Following is the official program for Memorial Day:

FORENOON—MEMORIAL DAY.

Comrades, Veterans and Sons of Veterans will meet in G. A. R. hall at 8 o'clock and start for Almedia at 8:30.

The Post and Sous of Veterans will assist societies, schools and citizens at Almedia and Espy to decorate the graves of fallen heroes, after appropriate services.

A detail in charge of C. S. Fornwald, will go to Grovania, to assist in the decoration at the cemetery there.

All graves in the old and new Rosemont cemeteries will be decorated in the forenoon except the graves in the circle.

AFTERNOON—MEMORIAL DAY.

The school children will assemble at their school buildings at 1:30 where they will be met by the Catawissa Drum Corps and escorted to the square to form in line. Ent Post No. 250, G. A. R. all soldiers and sailors will assemble at the hall, West Second street at 2 p. m. after the parade of the Sons of Veterans, civic sccieties, fire companies and the school children, led by the band which will march up Centre street to the cemetery where the following service will be held. Prayer, by Rev. J. D. Thomas, of the Reformed church; Reading of Lincoln's Address, W. C. Johnston, Esq.; G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans memorial service, during which the graves in the circle will be decorated. Benediction by Rev. J. D. Thomas.

EVENING—MEMORIAL DAY.

Memorial services in the Court House at 7:30 p. m: Singing by the audience led by Harry Barton; prayer by Rev. G. H. Hemingway of the Presbyterian church; recitation by H. G. W. Smith, Storming of Mission Ridge; singing, pupils of High School, Our Own United States; Memorial address, Clinton Herring, Esq; singing, male chorus of Bloomsburg High School, The Boys of the Old Brigade; H. A. McKillip will read a portion of the 132d Regt. P. V., and seats will be reserved for all members of that Regiment who will notify the committee that they will be present; short addresses by members of the G. A. R. and others; singing by audience, led by Harry Barton; benediction, Rev. Dr. G. H. Hemingway.

Places of business are requested to close at 2 o'clock, p. m. and remain closed during the remainder of the day.

M. P. Lutz, W. O. Holmes, W. R. Ringrose, J. W. Shuman, Isaiah Holter, M. C. McCollum, Committee.

EVENING STAR.

The most interesting object in the evening sky is the planet Venus. She is four times as wide as Jupiter at his best, ten times as bright as Sirius and one hundred times as bright as the standard first magnitude star. There is not the slightest difficulty in seeing the shadows cast by her light, especially in the dark where the planet shines through a window and there are no artificial lights to disturb the observations. We believe that it is not generally known that a star can cast a shadow. She will be at her greatest brilliancy on the 29th of the month.

Prof. Albert will be one of the speakers at the convention of school directors of Lycoming county at Williamsport next Saturday.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

At the convention of the Episcopal church in Lock Haven last week the Bishop's salary was raised from $4000 to $4500, with $500 for traveling expenses, and $500 for a stenographer.

A resolution was offered providing that no parish can be admitted to union with the convention that does not pay the rector a salary of at least $1000 and house rent. It goes over until next convention when it will be defeated, as it ought to be.

The following officers of the diocese were elected: Colonel Chas. M. Clement, Sunbury, secretary; W. K. Alricks, Harrisburg, treasurer; Frank C. Angle, Danville, registrar, and C. LaRue Munson, Williamsport, chancellor. Bishop Darlington made the announcement that Harrisburg would be the permanent Episcopal residence.

St. Paul's parish was represented by Rev. J. W. Diggles and Samuel H. Harman.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.

The commencement exercises of the Bloomsburg High School will begin on Saturday, May 23, with the presentation of a drama entitled "Down in Dixie," by the senior class, at 8 p. m. in the Normal Auditorium.

On Sunday, May 24, at 7:30 p. m. the class will attend the Presbyterian church, where Dr. Hemingway will preach the class sermon.

On Monday, May 25, at 8 p. m. there will be a contest in expression by the junior class, in the Normal Auditorium.

On Thursday, May 28, at 8 p. m. the commencement exercises will be held in the auditorium, and on Friday evening the alumni banquet will take place.

BENTON SUMMER SCHOOL.

On Monday, May 11th, the Columbia County Summer School held the most auspicious opening in its history. The students assembled at 10 o'clock in the high school room for organization. The forenoon was taken up with registration of students, addresses by members of the faculty, and other details incident to the occasion. In the afternoon the program was arranged and ten minute recitations given for the purpose of assigning work for the following day.

More than one thousand dollars was received by the treasurer from tuition and the sale of supplies.

The enrollment for the first day was 110. Since then the number has increased to about 120.

THE BLACK DIAMOND.

When asked whether the Black Diamond Express would again be placed on the road, Superintendent Kinney said that whether it would or not was uncertain, but if traffic did not pick up that it probably would not. At least he had no definite information on the subject. On the whole the Lehigh returns from passenger traffic have not greatly fallen off, bnt this is due in a large part to the fact that this train, which was very expensive, has been taken off and the passengers that would naturally ride on it have been compelled to take the other trains.

At a meeting of the Ivy Club at the home of Mrs. J. G. Harman last week, the following officers were elected: President, Miss Lowenberg; Vice President, Miss Carpenter; Treasurer, Mrs. Hartline; Secretary, Mrs. Harman.

—COMPTROLLER'S CALL.—

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business May 14, 1908.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$611,830.43	Capital Stock,	$100,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Surplus and Profits	51,620.16
Cash and Reserve	95,474.66	Circulation	100,000.00
		Deposits	463,684.93
	$715,305.09		$715,305.09

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION

Instructions for Bryan Refused.

The Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg on Wednesday nominated Senator Webster Grim of Bucks county for Judge of the Superior Court, and elected the following delegates-at-large to the National Convention: Col. James M. Guffey, Senator J. K. P. Hall, Senator Arthur G. Dewalt and John G. Harman. The alternates-at-large chosen were: Edward F. Blewitt. of Lackawanna; John J. Brew, of Erie; S. K. Hoyer, of Blair, and B. Gordon Bromley, of Philadelphia. Presidential electors-at-large: Albert G. Barr and Joseph P. McCullen.

R. W. Irwin of Washington was temporary chairman, and P. A. O'Boyle of Wilkes-Barre, permanent chairman.

OUTLINE OF PLATFORM.

The platform commends the administration of State Treasurer William H. Berry; condemns the Republican party for its extravagance, mismanagement and refusal to enact much needed legislation, demands that the right of the states and of the people shall be conserved by strict and constitutional adjustment of the various functions of the government; seeks a revision of the tariff; the enactment of laws giving labor and capital equal rights; calls for the enforcement of the anti-trust laws, proclaims against the undue exercise of government by injunction; demands remedial currency legislation: denounces the tendency to ever-increasing taxation; seeks the enactment of a law regulating and defining the expenditures of moneys for election purposes by candidates, and believes that the army and navy should be placed upon a footing commensurate with the dignity and power of the nation.

TARIFF REVISION PLANK.

The plank for tariff revision and reform says: "We demand an immediate and just revision of the existing tariff laws and insist they shall be so altered that infant industries which have become great giant monopolies shall be curbed, so that the consumer may receive at a fair price the commodities for which he now pays an exorbitant sum by reason of undue protection, but at the same time we insist that such revision should be based upon the just protection of American labor when competing with foreign manufactures."

This latter clause was inserted at the request of the protectionist branch of the party.

By a vote of 2 to 1 the convention decided to send the delegates to the National Convention uninstructed. This was a Bryan defeat.

REMOVED HIS STOMACH.

Robert Gracie, a well known resident of Sunbury, underwent a serious operation at the University of Pennsylvania hospital last week, when Dr. Frazier, one of the foremost surgeons of the day, removed two-thirds of Gracie's stomach. Friends and relatives in Sunbury have received word from the surgeon, announcing that the patient will recover. The operation was one of the most serious ever performed at the U. of P.

PARISH HOUSE SUPPER.

A supper will be given in the Parish House this Thursday evening. The menu will be as follows: Ham, cream potatoes, baked beans, tomato sauce, egg salad, hot biscuit, jelly, coffee. Supper 15 cents. Ice Cream and Cake 15 cents.

ONE INDUSTRIOUS REPRESENTATIVE.

The lesson to be drawn from the records of the session of Congress just closing is not flattering to the pride of thoughtful American citizens. Early in the session we predicted that the session would not be one of achievement. As a rule sessions immediately preceding Presidential campaigns are not fruitful. But it is within the lines of conservatism to say that no session in the history of Congress has been so completely wasted. The majority has not only failed absolutely to enact important and greatly needed legislation but it has encouraged vicious and profligate legislation.

So far as this district is concerned there is no ground for complaint but that is the result of the vigilance and efficiency of our own Representative, Hon. John G. McHenry. He was a most patient and tireless worker in the interest of the people and though he failed in his expectations at times he succeeded far beyond the average. The Shamokin post office appropriation, the progress made in getting more liberal pension legislation and the adoption of his ideas concerning a bureau of mines and mining, an emergency currency and guaranteed bank deposits are ample proofs of his adaptability to the work. But the success of one member only emphasizes the failure of the body.

The trouble with the present Congress is that it is dominated by politicians rather than by statesmen. The Republican leaders of both branches are men of long and varied experience but they lack in initiative. John G. McHenry, though serving his first session in any legislative body, introduced more important legislation and exercised more influence for good in the legislation of the session than all the Republican leaders put together. No act of public merit which passed the session or was seriously considered, bears the impress of the mind of Cannon, Payne or Dalzell. But most of the useful measures got material help from John G. McHenry and many of them were suggested by him.

COURT CRIER RICHART.

W. Clark Richart died at his home, corner of Third and Iron streets on Sunday morning at 8:40, after an illness of less than a day, from heart disease. He was the court crier of this county, and was at his post on Saturday, but was taken ill there and went home.

He was born at Unityville, and was 61 years of age. He was a member of the Methodist church, and of the Knights of Malta.

Surviving him are his second wife, formerly Mrs. Alice Fetzer, and two children by a former marriage: Miss Bessie Richart and Lester L. Richart, superintendent of the Beilwood Electric Light Company. Three sisters also survive: Mrs. Jane Vandine, of Lewisburg; Mrs. M. E. Keller and Mrs. G. W. Welliver, of Bloomsburg.

The funeral took place on Wednesday at 1 o'clock, Rev. E. M Chilcote of Laurelton officiating, assisted by Rev. J. E. Byers.

ELECTION EXPENSES.

Petitions have been filed in court asking for the appointment of auditors to examine the accounts of Elisha Ringrose and C. Fred Lenhart as filed by them, showing their election expenses in the recent campaign for county commissioner W. C. Johnston has been appointed auditor in Ringrose's case.

TOWNSEND'S

FOR STYLE,

FOR PRICE,

FOR Just What You Are looking for in anything for Men, Young Men and Children.

The Largest Assortment.

THE = SMALLEST = PRICE

TOWNSEND'S
CORNER.

FISH FRY.

A Danville special to the *North American* says: There arrived in Danville one of the largest consignments of fish fry ever sent from the state hatchery at Erie. There were twelve cans, all containing wall-eyed pike fry, and consigned to residents of that town. The fish were at once taken to the river and deposited in the stream. This consignment of fish fry is the first of a number that will be received in Danville this season. There is an organized movement all along the north branch of the Susquehanna to restock the river with fish and again make the stream one of the finest fishing grounds in the country. The movement to restock the stream originated among a coterie of enthusiastic anglers in Danville, and they have enlisted the co-operation of fishermen in other towns and cities along the river, with the result that millions of young fish will be put in the stream this spring. From Danville alone twelve applications have been sent to the different hatcheries in the state. The fish asked for are wall-eyed pike, pickerel, black bass, sunfish and yellow perch.

PROMINENT MAN DEAD.

David C. Black, one of the most prominent citizens of Centralia, and father-in-law of Register and Recorder Miller, dropped dead at his home last Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. He had been having trouble with his heart, but only a few hours before his death he telephoned his daughter, Mrs. Miller, saying that he was feeling very well.

He was aged 61 years and was born in Ireland, being brought to this country at the age of two years the family taking up their home at Minersville. At the age of 21 years he went to Centralia where he has since resided.

He has been a merchant in Centralia for many years and was serving his fourth term as justice of the peace. During his life he held a number of borough offices.

Surviving him are his wife and five children: Mrs. Frank W. Miller, of Bloomsburg; Mrs. Dr. Campbell, Sallie, Adelaide and Tillie.

Squire Black was an upright man and an estimable citizen, and his loss will be keenly felt.

FRUIT OUTLOOK.

Averting to the reported destruction of this year's fruit crop, by the recent freezing weather and the snow in some sections of the state, which as usual is an exaggeration of actual conditions, farmers hereabouts are authority in saying that it is entirely too early to determine. It is the presumption of those unfamiliar with fruit growing that every frost is fatal that gives currency to the stale joke about the frequent destruction of the peach crop. Peach trees blossomed in unusual abundance this year. They were subjected to light touches of frost while in full bloom and suffered no injury, at least on high ground. In some sections they showed no sign of harm. Yet the tiny fruit may have been so weakened that all will fall from the branches. Then, again, many peaches may go to maturity. It is so with other fruits. The ordinary hard apple was caught in open blossom—its most tender stage, but a few days will be required to determine whether there will be no apples. A so-called "black frost" in May, 1891, preceded an autumn famed for its abundance of fruit of all kinds. Inquiry among the farmers and fruit growers of this section fails to justify the claim that the fruit crop is seriously injured. Many of the best fruit growers declare that the blossoms have not been injured at all.

Mrs. Mary Packer Cummings, who a few months ago endowed the Packer Hospital by giving to that institution the Wilbur House, the largest hotel in Sayre, has under way a project which will give property worth between $35,000 and $40,000 to the Church of the Redeemer of Sayre. The announcement of this fact was made by Rev. H. E. Hanna, rector of the church, on the second anniversary of his pastorate.

Judge Galbreath of Butler county has decided that Supervisors are entitled to $1.50 per day. He says that, while the act of 1905 repealed all other acts inconsistent with it, that the act of 1889 provided for compensation, while the act of 1905 did not; therefore the act of 1889 is still in force in regard to the pay of $1.50 per day.

EIGHTY FIVE YEARS OLD

Sen. Davis of West Virginia has reached that Age

HAS MANY MILLIONS

Called "The Grand Old Man" of West Virginia by the People of the Mountain State—Has Knocked Dr. Osler's Chloroform Theory Galley-West.

Henry Gassaway Davis is proudly and affectionately called "The Grand Old Man" of West Virginia by the folk of the Mountain State. He is known personally to hundreds of them, and known of by every one of them.

In West Virginia they call him "Uncle Henry Gassaway," never taking the trouble to add the superfluity of his last name. "There is only one 'Uncle Henry Gassaway,'" so there is no use of going to the trouble of adding on the Davis. West Virginians are always interested in what their "Uncle Henry Gassaway" is saying and doing.

Senator Davis is 85 years of age, and has had more to do with knocking Dr. Osler's chloroform theory galley-west than any other specimen of robustuous age extent. He was

HENRY G. DAVIS.

born in Maryland, November 16, 1823, and the traditions of that old old State are still near and dear to him. He likes his chicken a la Maryland, and terrapin tickles his palate more pleasingly than any other article of gastronomic indulgence. Davis was born of poor parents, and school advantages were denied him, so he had to go to work very early in life. He worked in a store as a boy, then became an employe of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad as a brakeman. He worked at this for several years, and then was promoted to a conductor. He later on quit the railroad and embarked in the mercantile business with his brother, Thomas B., at Piedmont, W. Va. It was there that he laid the foundation of his great fortune, which is believed to amount to $30,000,000.

Senator Davis had early taken an interest in politics, and was elected a member of the House of Delegates in 1865. In 1867 he became a State Senator, and in 1871, he was elected a United States Senator. He was re-elected in 1877, which term he served out, but declined to stand as a candidate for a third term. His last official connection was a delegate to the Panama Congress. In 1904 he was nominated for Vice President on the ticket with Parker. He was very desirous of getting a good big vote in his State, and really hoped to carry it. But West Virginia gave the biggest Republican majority that year in its history, Roosevelt carrying the State by over thirty-one thousand.

"Uncle Henry Gassaway" has a palatial mansion, "Graceland," at Elkins. It tops one of the three stately hills which stand side by side, and on the other two hills are two other multi-millionaire palaces, one occupied by Senator Elkins and the other by Richard C. Kerens of Missouri. The Elkins residence looks for all the world like a feudal castle.

He is a powerfully built man, over 6 feet, walks with a sprightly, elastic step, and has solved the problem of never getting old, in the sense that most of 85 do.

Long Distance Balloon Record.

Many notable trips have been made in balloons. In 1845 Mr. Wise started from St. Louis and came down in Henderson county, New York, having made about eight hundred miles.

This stood as the world's long distance record until the Paris Exposition of 1900, when the Count de la Vaulx sailed over into Russia. His distance was about twelve hundred miles and he was in the air over thirty-six hours.

The present record for time was established by two German aeronauts. They succeeded in remaining in the air over fifty-one hours.

When the German Emperor attends a musical comedy he often composes two or three original jokes, which are handed from the royal box to the leading comedian for interpolation.

THE "TETRAHEDRAL."

Dr. Bell's Attempted Solution of the Problem of Man Flying.

It is a queer thought that grave and famous scientists sometimes betake themselves in dead earnest to the childhood sport of blowing bubbles, —not for sport, but to study some very difficult and hard to understand problems that trouble their learned minds. Perhaps it is even queerer to see a man whose name is known the world over for his learning, his inventions, his wonderful mind and his earnestness in the pursuit of knowledge, chasing after a queer looking kite, and noting its behavior, and doing this, too, in the most serious manner.

For it is a serious matter, this scientific kite-flying, and the work, as it is done by Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, the famous inventor of the Bell telephone and dozens of other useful things, is a task which he hopes will some day result in a practical solution of that most baffling of riddles—how is man to learn to fly?

That a plane surface of not too great weight, properly held at an angle with moving air, will rise in the air and stay up, is a fact known to every boy who ever begged rags from "mother" for the tail of his kite. The problem of flying is to get a kite big enough to hold a man or men, strong enough to stand the strain, steady enough to fly without danger, and stable enough to fly without a cord, and to alight without destroying itself.

It would seem that if a kite of, say, ten square feet surface would lift ten pounds in a certain wind, a kite of twenty square feet would lift twenty pounds, and thirty square feet thirty pounds, and so on. But, unfortunately, for this easy solution of the problem, when two or more kites are added, each to each, they lack strength, and, to get the strength, more weight must be put into the frames and in cross bars and braces; so that, when the kite gets very large, indeed, large enough to lift a great deal of weight, it weighs as much as it will lift? To make a kite which would grow stronger as it was made larger—a kite the lifting power of which would increase just as fast as the weight, and which would be just as strong (in proportion) big as it was small—was the first step in Dr. Bell's problem. This has been done, within wide limits, and the result is a kite called by the hard name of "tetrahedral."

The tetrahedral kite flies easily; it will rise from the ground without a man's having to run with a cord, except in the lightest of breezes. It will fly in a dead calm if pulled fast enough. It has no tail, and needs none; but it flies more steadily in some shape than in others, and better with the cord at one place than another, and there, also, are special problems that will have to be worked out to obtain the best results.—St. Nicholas.

Electric Sunburn.

On board a cruiser recently under repair at Portsmouth, England, it became necesary to make a hoit in the shutter of a turret. The mechanical processes commonly employed for work of this kind are so slow that an officer asked permission to melt the hole by using the electric arc. This operation though well-known, attracted many curious spectators, from the captain down to the sailors. All went well, and the solid steel under the action of the current flowed like melted glass.

But on the morrow, everyone who had witnessed the operation was either half blinded or horribly burned. The officer who had directed the work, had the skin of his face completely scorched, and of a deep copper color; it gave off a serous liquid like that from a burn. Several sailors who were at some distance from the turret had their vision so affected that they were sent to the hospital and it was feared that they might lose their sight.

This is a characteristic case of "electric sunburn." It is well known that in its common and weakest form sunburn consists merely in a slight redness of the skin accompanied by a burning irritation. Sometimes, especially if the subject has remained a long time in bright sunlight, the skin becomes really painful and becomes red and wollen as in erysipelas. Later, blisters, filled with a clear liquid, may appear on the affected parts.—Los Angeles Herald.

A Sympathetic Victim.

There is a good story going the rounds in Pittsburg of a young man, formerly a stock broker, who dropped many thousands in speculation during the early spring.

One night, shortly after going to bed, the Pittsburger was awakened by strange signs. At his first motion to jump up he was greeted by a hoarse voice. "If you stir you're a dead man!" it said. "I'm looking for money"

"In that case," pleasantly answered the erstwhile speculator, "kindly allow me to arise and strike a light. I shall deem it a fovar to be permitted to assist in the search.

Modesty of M. Fallieres.

It would be difficult to find a more modest man in high places than M. Fallieres, the French President. "You are asking me," he said, not long ago, to an interviewer, "to blow my own trumpet, and I cannot gratify you. I remember every hour of my life that my grandfather was a blacksmith, while my father was a registrar."

PLATES TO INSPIRE TALK.

One of the Missions of Highly Decorated Chinaware.

Artistically decorated conversation plates are now found in the homes of many of New York's most exclusive sets. Some of the finest specimens cost as much as $2,000 a dozen, but they may be bought as low as $300, says What to Eat. The custom originated in the passing of an exquisitely decorated plate for the admiration and approval of dinner guests, and from what developed into an established custom of having a choice china plate at each guest's place when the guests take their seats. The merits of the plates then form a subject of conversation before the dinner is served. Artists of great skill perform the work of decorating the china. Each of the myriad colors requires a separate firing to assure the original tint of its durability.

Although these plates show the same color scheme in sets, each plate has its own picture, probably the miniature production of some famous painting. Or, among the newest of these beautiful plates, curious and wonderful effects are produced on rims and centers in the popular highly glazed porcelain, of which turquoise blue is the color in highest favor, accompanied always by filagrees or encrustations of gold. Gold is a never failing factor in the decoration of all conversation plates, and as the only beautifier of complete china table services it is decidely in vogue.

New Field For Women.

Miss Amanda Clement, a student at Yankton College, Qankton, S. D., is probably the only woman in the country who functions as professional baseball umpire. She is seventeen years old, handsome and healthy, a fine athlete and can throw a baseball 205 feet. She acquired her knowledge of the game from her brother who is a professional baseball player. Her home is in Hudson, S. D.

Demand For Women Gardeners.

Owners of private gardens are reported to be manifesting a desire to obtain ladies skilled horticulture to take charge of gardening operations, says the London Daily News.

The journal published in connection with Studley College, in Warwickshire, which was founded by Lady Warwick, states that this demand is growing, and that constant applications are being received at the college for lady students, either to take entire charge of gardens or to superintend the men gardeners.

There is apparently a tendency among lady gardeners to demand higher wages than men. Lady students are therefore warned to be content with a fair salary and to show willing "to work as many hours as men."

The Horticultural College at Swanley admits women as well as men, and since its establishment eighteen or nineteen years ago many scores of students have been trained there.

Household Suggestions.

When washing china silk add a slight suggestion of starch and it will look like new.

In blending flour and water if a fork is used it will not lump.

Beating cocoa with an egg beater before removing from the fire is an improvement, and a few drops of vanilla in the cocoa pot will make it still better.

To beat whites of eggs quickly, add a pinch of salt.

A few drops of lemon juice makes cake frosting white.

A little flour put over the top of a cake will prevent the icing from running.

Sprinkle clothes with hot water and a whisk broom.

Scrape a raw potato and apply to a burn. Instant relief will follow.

Throw flour on kerosene flames.

To Restore Faded Upholstery.

Beat the dust out good, then brush. Apply strong lather of castile soap with hard brush, wash off with clear water. Then wash with alum water. When dry, the colors will look as well as ever. When colors are faded beyond recovery, they may be touched up with a pencil dipped in water colors of suitable shade mixed with gum water.

The orange stick is the only nail cleaner necessary. The stick properly pointed will not injure the enamel or the cuticle around the nail.

CORN AS A FEED FOR HENS.

Stimulates Egg Laying and Keeps Hen in Good Condition.

On the average farm, the cheapest ration is usually corn, and I know of nothing the average hen will prefer for her mainstay in cold weather. Under ordinary farm conditions, the hen is cheaply wintered when she has just corn enough to keep her in good flesh—a little fat, but not overfat—and ready to hunt the barnyard over on mild days for any waste grains from other farm stock. In her corn supply should be included all the moldy and damaged ears, for several reasons. First, she takes it a grain at a time, and so need not eat any which is totally unfit, as other animals may do. Second, some observers have thought that their hens actually did better on damaged corn than on sound grain, probably because of its softness, and since even the damaged grain should be put to some use, the hen which is on a maintenance ration should have a fair trial as to her ability to get more out of it than animals to which it is evidently distasteful. It may sometimes happen that some other grain, or even some nitrogenous substance like skim milk, may be available and even cheaper than corn, and in this case winter eggs may be laid whether or no, and if so, will be had at the greatest possible percentage of profit. The point is that the average farmer cannot afford to buy nitrogenous foods to stimulate egg laying under the conditions which normally surround him in winter. The hen which has had enough corn, but not too much, is usually in good shape to give a large and profitable egg yield as soon as nature gives the hint by sending up the first blades of grass, or even before.

Poultry House Ventilation.

It is a very difficult matter to ventilate a poultry house without causing draughts of air on the fowls at night. The proper mode is to keep the poultry house clean, leave the doors open during the day, and shut the house at night, allowing no ventilation at all. We have found that it is very difficult to keep the fresh air from coming in, and it is a fact that many who take pains to render the poultry house warm and comfortable, by stopping all cracks and crevices, and by lining the house with paper, make a hole in the roof or gable ends, which they style a "ventilator," and thus let in more cold than they desire.

There is not as much foul air in a poultry house as may be supposed. The severe cold renders all gases heavy, and less volatile matter exists. Fill a poultry house with smoke, and close the door; then step outside and notice where it escapes. You will at once be convinced that you need no "ventilator," and that despite all our precautions, your house is full of air holes that you cannot easily close, and your birds are liable to roup and other disease.

A Home Made Fruit Ladder.

A handy fruit ladder can easily be made with just a common ladder and two long stout props. The props should be provided with forks at the the ends which fit over the rungs of the ladder. The proper arrange-

ments of the props in order to secure a firm ladder is shown in the cut. The advantage of this form of fruit ladder, over the common step-ladder is that by means of the movable props the ladder can be placed in any desirable position without disturbing the branches or fruit.

Shipping Poultry Undrawn.

Practically all dressed poultry should be shipped to market undrawn. It is claimed that it keeps much better. The basis for this claim is that the incision in a drawn fowl readily admits molds and germs of different kinds into the body, where they find ideal conditions for rapid multiplication. The cavity is dark, damp and not easily accessible and frequently a drawn bird which outwardly appears all right is really unfit for food. As it requires considerable time to draw the birds contained in an ordinary shipment and there is a decided loss in weight as well, stock should be shipped undrawn.

Planting the Potato.

Many experiments have been made to ascertain the best depth for planting. The results, with some exceptions, favor planting not less than four inches deep. The favorable effects of deep planting were especially marked on well prepared, friable soil and in dry seasons.

Very deep planting is open to objection because of the increased labor of harvesting and the danger of a deficient stand when weather conditions are unfavorable. Very shallow planting reduces the yield and injures the quality of the crop.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Household Suggestions.

To keep a house free from flies during the hot weather keep a small branch of common elderberry tree in the kitchen and other places where they are troublesome.

When tea and coffee pots get discolored, fill with water and baking soda (teaspoonful to pint of water), and boil for several hours, wash and they will be like new.

If necessary to put bright tinware or granite over fire where it will be smoked grease thoroughly before putting over the blaze and the black will wash off with soap and water.

To keep beans from burning when oven is too hot, lift lid from bean pot, replace with a deep saucer filled with cold water.

Complexion Cures.

Pimples and blackheads are very often merely the result of a superficial cleaning of the face.

Hot water opens the pores and soap cleanses them.

For this reason they should both be used every day.

Before going to bed the face should be washed in warm water and soap and then rinsed thoroughly.

This should be followed by an application of cold cream rubbed thoroughly into the skin.

What remains on the skin should be rubbed off with a soft cloth.

In the morning a thorough rinsing with cold water should follow the bath in warm—not—hot—water.

Six Good Hints.

A bag of hot sand relieves neuralgia.

Warm borax water will remove dandruff.

Tight clothes and indigestion cause red noses.

A hot bath taken at night affords refreshing sleep.

For a runaround on the finger thicken the yolk of an egg and apply.

Persons of defective sight when threading a needle should hold it over something white, by which the sight will be assisted.

Furnish Their Own Wine.

Members of the royal family always send their own wine to public dinners, and in many cases their own special brands of cigars also. The wine is in the charge of a responsible servant in the employ of the royal household, whose duty it is to stand behind the chair of his master, and wait upon him.

The Valuable Sunflower.

An eminent Spanish scientist has made the recent discovery that the sunflower yields a splendid febrifuge that can be used as a substitution for quinine. Accordingly, the sunflower should not only, by its growing, exert great fever dispelling effects, but also yield a product which is used advantageously in all fevers.

Civilized Indians.

The Pima Indian who lives on the banks of Gila River (pronounced in Spanish Heela), are the most civilized of any North American Indians. They live in houses, manufacture useful articles and are known for simplicity of character, peacefulness and honesty.

Steel Cars.

The data about the manuacture of steel cars in this country are not as definite as might be desired, but the Railway Age report the number of all steel cars ordered in 1907 to be 71,200, and of cars with steel underframes, 74,500.

Kipling's Words Bring $1.00 Each.

A London journal recently contained the announcement that Kipling received $15,000 for his "Seven Seas," the highest price ever paid in advance purchase for any single manuscript, yet that was the one production of that author that had not repaid the publisher. It is said that a witty American wrote him thus:

Dear Sir—I hear you are retailing literature at the rate of a dollar a word. I inclose $1 for sample.

Kipling was equal to the occasion. He wrote back the one word "Thanks" and kept the dollar.—*New York World.*

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

Nature's Way Is Best.

The function-strengthening and tissue-building plan of treating chronic, lingering and obstinate cases of disease as pursued by Dr. Pierce, is following after Nature's plan of restoring health.

He uses natural remedies, that is extracts from native medicinal roots, prepared by processes wrought out by the expenditure of much time and money, without the use of alcohol, and by skillful combination in just the right proportions.

Used as ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot and Stone root, specially exert their influence in cases of lung, bronchial and throat troubles, and this "Discovery" is, therefore, a sovereign remedy for bronchitis, laryngitis, chronic coughs, catarrh and kindred ailments.

The above native roots also have the strongest possible endorsement from the leading medical writers, of all the several schools of practice, for the cure not only of the disease named above but also for indigestion, torpor of liver, or biliousness, obstinate constipation, kidney and bladder troubles and catarrh, no matter where located.

Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., for free booklet telling all about the medicinal roots composing this wonderful medicine. There is no alcohol in it.

Wigg—"That fellow in the prisoners' dock has been in jail six times." Wagg—"What does he do between times?"

WHAT IS A COLD in the head? Nothing to worry about if you treat it with Ely's Cream Balm. Neglected, the cold may grow into catarrh, and the air-passages be so inflamed that you have to fight for every breath. It is true that Ely's Cream Balm masters catarrh, promptly. But you know the old saying about the ounce of prevention. Therefore use Cream Balm when the cold in the head shows itself. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Blobbs—"Do you believe that every man has his price?" Slobbs—"Oh! I don't know. Many a fellow gives himself away."

A Reliable Remedy
Ely's Cream Balm
Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.
It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

WHEN TO WIND A WATCH.

British Watchmakers Decide Morning Is the Best Time.

With the disappearance of the old-time watch-key and the introduction of the stem-winder the methodical care of the pocket-clock has become almost a lost art. Any close observer of humanity must have noticed how frequently absent-minded men draw forth and wind their watches, apparently not more than half-conscious of what they are doing. Yet both the accuracy and durability of a watch depends to a certain degree on the time at which it is wound, and the vexed question as to whether this should be done at night or in the morning was recently discussed at a meeting of the British Watch and Clockmakers' guild, says the Philadelphia Record.

A member of the guild said he was often asked by his customers whether it was better to wind a watch at night or in the morning. Several members were of the opinion that it was better to wind it at night, as in the morning the mainspring would be colder than it would be after having been carried about in the pocket all day, and it was a well-known fact that steel was much more brittle when it was cold than when it was warm.

The vice president of the guild, however, dissented from this opinion He said that during the daytime the watch was carried about and subjected to all kinds of irregular conditions, and that when it was fully wound it was able to withstand these abnormal conditions better than when it required winding. At night the watch was usually laid on one side in a horizontal position and was at rest, as it were, therefore running down did not affect it so much. He believed it, therefore, to be a decided advantage to wind it up in the morning. This view of the case was accepted by a majority of the members of the trade present at the meeting.

Depreciation of Kings.

To be rich as a king was once upon a time, the parallel to being as beautiful as an angel and as happy as a god. But whereas the angels still retain their traditional primacy, and the felicity of the gods is still a common figure of speech wth our minor poets, the wealth of kings has come to be dwarfed by that of many of their subjects. Not only that, but kings have been reduced to pursue largely the methods for acquiring riches that their subjects make use of. Hence it is that, while Carlos I remains the king even when he appears in tweeds at a cafe chantant, and the Prince of Wales is still royalty when he travels incognito through Paris, they both become quite like ourselves when we hear of one selling his yacht to reduce expenses, or the other being caught in a tight squeeze in the stock market. —New York Evening Post.

Cremation.

Cremation in this country is almost wholly confined to persons of some intellectual distinction. The average citizen is still held in the fetters of custom, in which sentiment has taken root so deeply as to make it hard to eradicate. This is doubtless the explanation of the fact that cremation so far has failed to become popular.—British Medical Journal.

Making Vegetarians.

Last year saw an enormous rise in the cost of all foodstuffs and household commodities in Vienna, meat especially having advanced in price to such an extent that the poorer classes, much against their will, are being compelled to join the ranks of the vegetarians.

Lack Moral Feeling.

Professor Schuster asserts that animals lack moral feeling entirely, none of their acts being immoral or moral, in the broad sense, and they have no trace of a sense of shame or of honor. Their courage, he declares, is "a mere impulse of nature."

From the Optimist Club.

If the waiter, the street car conductor, or the clerk in the store, from whom you demand so much and in such an arrogant manner, had your brains and opportunities, you might be where they are. Be thoughtful and kind.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

Offenders, Beware!

There's a new hatpin that's bound not to come out, under any provocation of wind or speed. Where provocations of this sort most abound, namely, in an automobile, this hatpin gets in its spetal innings. It is in fact, expressly designed for "motoring" ladies who will not wear the pinless hood, and whose more beautifying hats are not to be kept on by ordinary straight pins. The new pin is a long spiral affair, tortuous to behold and getting a twisted grip on the coiffeur which nothing short of a dynamite explosion—or the clever hand that put it in—can loosen.

As a weapon of defense for unprotected feminines this corkscrew hatpin beats anything yet put on the market.

As an encouragement when things are at sixes and sevens in the business end of the house, one woman has had a board burned with the legend, "Even this will pass away," and hung over the kitchen sink.

Nicotine in Tobacco.

In genuine Havanna tobacco there is not much more than 2 per cent of nicotine. In French tobacco about 6 per cent and in our old Dominion product a little over 1 per cent. In the Blue Grass tobacco at least 8 per cent, and the Sumatra leaf of Connecticut contains about 6 per cent.

Chinese Teachers.

It is the teacher, the merchant, the miner, the manufacturer, and the railroad engineer that China needs, not the soldier or the sailor, except for efficient police purposes. And of all these, the greatest is the teacher. Get him and the rest will follow.—Shanghai Mercury.

Nutmeg Poisoning.

Cases of nutmeg poisoning, though rare, are known to have occurred. The death of a boy who had eaten two nutmegs is recorded. The poison is in the oil and the symptoms are giddiness, drowsiness and delirium. —Medical Record.

Growth of the Blacks.

Philadelphia now has a negro population of 85,000, an increase of 20,000 since the census of 1900, a larger colored population than any other Northern city, or nearly as many negroes as Baltimore, Washington or New Orleans.

Cost of Hauling Coal.

The cost of hauling coal for its own locomotives is estimated at 3 mills per ton-mile on the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, and the labor of handling it at 8 cents a ton.

The women of Russia and the men of Japan are the most expert needleworkers in the world.

Few persons would guess that the smallest things visible to the eye are the stars.

Everyone wears silk in Madagascar, as it is cheaper there than linen.

The first gummed postage stamp was issued about 1840.

Lo! The Poor Indian.

Nearly all the Indian colony of 40 families near Bay City, Mich., have died in the last few years of consumption. The remainder are living in poverty, although their white neighbors do what they can to support them.

Wooden Piles Predominate.

Holland has a perennial necessity for wooden piles. In Rotterdam harbor works of all kind demand them and the drainage of the Zuyder Zee as it steadily proceeds throws out its wooden ramparts in all directions.

Christians in America.

There are 32,983,156 Christian communicants in the United States, of whom a little more than one-third belong to some branch of the Catholic Church.

MOTORING ON THE FARM.

Big Machines for Crop Work—Runabouts for Going to Market.

The saving effected by the modern powerful gasolene engine on the farm is estimated to be from 20 to 50 per cent over horse, man or steam power. When not running, the engine is not consuming fuel, and its keep through the winter when in storage, is nothing. It does not eat its head off and it takes very little storage space. Manufacturers have made special lines of farm engines in various sizes, ranging from five to 100 horse-power, both for stationary work and portable use. Upward of 50,000 such engines have been sold to American farmers in the last two years, says Cassier's Magazine, and the demand for the present year will exceed any past record. There is a gasolene farm engine adapted for dragging heavy gangs of ploughs across long fields, followed by harrows, cultivators, seeders and harvesters. In fact, the land can be tilled, planted and the crops harvested with a machine of this sort without the aid of a single horse and with very little hired help. In the great Northwest the portable gasolene threshing outfits are conspicuous features at the harvest season. They are much lighter than the old steam threshing plants are self propelling and on rubber tires, so that they can run easily and quickly from farm to farm. The farm help problem is thus being partly solved in the Northwest. Even in the Northwest of Canada scores of these machines have been put in operation in the last year. The great wheat crop could not be harvested and threshed without such appliances. The gasolene motor is no less important in marketing products. The modern touring cars and runabouts sold to farmers are for utility first and pleasure afterward. By their aid one farmer says he realized $300 more in one season for his articles than if he had sold them in the old way, taking the market prices as they varied from day to day. Another farmer having a lot of fancy poultry made in one trip $75 more than the regular profits through rushing a load to market during a day of high prices. The farmer's wives and daughters have learned to operate the machines, and it is not unusual to see them peddling farm produce from automobiles in many of the Western towns and cities. Some of them run in from ten to twenty miles and sell their produce before noon and get back again in the early afternoon.

What is a Candle Power.

Pretty much every one thinks he knows what a candle power is—the light given by a single candle, of course. As a matter of fact candles differ as much in luminosity as lighthouses, oil lamps, or fireflies, and a candle power is not one thing, but half a dozen, according to the country where the phrase is used. In Great Britain and the United States the Standard light unit is the amount given by a "spermaceti candle, burning up at the rate of 120 grains an hour, with a flame forty-five millimetres high," etc. In France the standard candle is made of stearine, and German's candle was, until a few years ago paraffin. Now the latter country uses the so-called Hefner unit of light, the amount given by a certain form of lamp burning acetate of amyl. Another lamp standard called the carcel, was used in France. In this purified rape seed oil is burned. Because of this unsatisfactory international chaos, it is now proposed that our national bureau of standards at Washington take steps to establish a standard international candle, which would be acceptable to at least nine countries. The joint committee of gas and electrical engineers which is urging this standardization declares that the change could be made with very little disturbance of most of the national standards now in existence.

BUYING HEAT UNITS.

Large Consumers of Coal Are Adopting This Method.

Buying coal on the heat unit basis is becoming increasingly and deservedly common.

One of the latest proofs of this is given in Cassier's Magazine, which states that Chicago is said to have let contracts for 200,000 tons of coal on this basis.

In the case of the Chicago deliveries, if the coal test shows 13,000 British thermal units, moisture 10 per cent. and ash 8 per cent., the price is to be $2.30 per ton; but if the coal varies in heat units the price is to vary accordingly.

On a 5,000 ton contract an analysis of the coal is made once a week. The sample is taken by the regular method and analyzed and reported to the consumer and the contractor.

Thoughts For People Beyond Forty.

It is foolish to fix an age at which men become comparatively useless. Some men are young at seventy, others are old at thirty-five.

One of the worst delusions that ever crept into a middle aged man's mind is the conviction that he has done his best work, that he is growing old and must soon give place to younger men.

Every man makes his own dead line. Some reach it at thirty-five, some at forty, some at fifty; some do not reach it at eighty; some never reach it, because they never cease to grow.

Look around the world to-day and see what some of the men who have long passed the "dead line" are doing, and what they have accomplished. Look at the young old military leaders in little Japan, who conquered great Russia. Oyama was twenty years past his fatal line when he won his great victories, and all of his corps commanders were past fifty. The Marquis Ito, the Grand Old Man of Japan, her greatest statesman, and the one who has done more than any other to make Japan what it is to-day, is still active in the service of his country.

The larger part of the great fortunes of this country have been accumulated after their amassers have passed forty. In fact, the first forty years of a man's life are the preparatory years, the years of training and discipline. A large part of this time he is laying the foundation—just getting ready to rear the superstructure. Many of us stumble around many years before we get into the right place, and then, for additional years, we make many mistakes. Most men do not get wise until they have passed forty. They may get knowledge before this, but not much wisdom. Wisdom is a ripening process. It takes time.—Success Magazine.

Coronation Souvenir.

In honor of the coronation of King Haakon and Queen Maud of Norway a medal has been struck in gold, silver and bronze, which shows on one side profile likenesses of the King and the Queen, on the other side the Arms of Norway and the date of the Coronation.

Canada's Greatness.

Canada is larger than the United States by 250,000 square miles.

Canada contains one-third of the area of the British empire.

Canada extends over twenty degrees of latitude—from Rome to North Pole.

Canada is as large as thirty United Kingdoms, eighteen Germanys, thirty-three Italys.

Canada is larger than Australasia and twice the size of British India.

Canada has a boundary line of 3,000 miles between it and the United States.

Canada's sea coast equals half the earth's circumference.

Canada is 3,500 miles wide and 1,400 from north to south.

The population is about 6,000,000, or about twice that of New York.—Montreal Herald.

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

Directions with each Vial in Five Languages. English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French.

No.	FOR	Price
1.	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease	25
3.	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	25
4.	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults	25
5.	Dysentery, Gripings, Bilious Colic	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8.	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	25
9.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	25
13.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	25
15.	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Malaria	25
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal	25
18.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	25
19.	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	25
20.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough	25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	25
27.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi	25
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Fever Sores or Canker	25
30.	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	25
34.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria	25
35.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches	25
77.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds	25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

Medical Book sent free.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEO. MEDICINE CO., Corner William and John Streets, New York.

NICKNAMES OF CITIES.

Some of Them Are Fanciful and of Curious Origin.

Little Rock is the City of Roses, from the floral growths which adorn it.

Racine, Wis., is known as the Bell City, from the nature of the articles made there.

Lafayette, in the same state, is the Star City, from the routes which radiate from it as a center.

The Shoe City is Lowell, Mass., for a like reason, as is Holyoke, in the same state, the Paper City.

Detroit is the City of the Straits, from its geographical situation on the border between Michigan and Canada.

Indianapolis is sometimes called the Railroad City, from its central situation in regard to railroad connections.

Pekin, Ill., rejoices in the title of the Celestial City, from the fact that it was named for the capital of the Chinese empire.

Hannibal, Mo., is known as the Bluff City, from its site overlooking the Missouri River, and not from any other significance of the word.

Alton, Ill., has the curious designation of Tasselburgh, from the fact that many acres of corn in tassel can be viewed from it.

Duluth, Minn., bears the name of the Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas, given to it from its situation at the head of the waters of Lake Superior.

Another city which derives its name from its situation, is North Adams, Mass., called the Tunnel City, from the fact that it is at one end of that "great bore," the Hoosac tunnel, which was so many years in course of construction until its length of about four miles was completed.

Swallowed Gold He Could Not Hide.

Almost an ounce of small gold nuggets were found to be imbedded in the appendix of Samuel E. Graves, who has just been operated on at a local hospital, after long suffering. When he was shown the gold and told where it came from, Graves explained the mystery. Three years ago he was engaged as a pick and shovel man in the Guggenheimer miner, near Katalla, Alaska. It is the custom of mine operators to guard the pick and shovel men closely to prevent them picking up any single nugget they might chance to uncover. Graves said he happened to strike a small pocket of nuggets, and yielding to the temptation of taking them, he figured long and deep on the best way to rob his employers and not be discovered. He covered up the gold, and each day for seven weeks swallowed a few of the tiny particles of gold. In a few months he grew ill and came back to Seattle, and ever since has been sick until the operation. Now he lays his long indisposition to swallowing the stolen gold. —Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

An Americanism.

When a woman "throws a conniption fit" she is in her tantrums. A tantrum is a fit of passion or an attack of petulant hysteria. Conniption is sometimes used alone and has about the same meaning as conniption fit. Occasionally (in Maine) it is consumption. The word was first in New England and is about as old as Rhode Island. It is common enough today wherever the descendants of the Down Easters are to be found. Conniption fit is a term used exclusively by women. To combat it is to laugh violently.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT
June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00 *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7.30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	21 A.M.
	†	†	‡	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 28
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	¶9 40	¶3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	¶10 00	¶3 37	¶7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	¶10 03	¶3 40	¶7 21	8 56
Laubachs	¶10 08	¶3 45	¶7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	¶10 10	¶3 47	¶7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 1

SOUTHWARD

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 A.M.
	†	†	‡	§	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	¶6 01	¶11 00	¶4 47	¶7 12	....
Laubachs	¶6 03	¶11 02	¶4 48	¶7 13	11 52
Coles Creek	¶6 12	¶11 06	¶4 53	¶7 22	12 05
Edsons	¶6 14	¶11 09	¶4 56	¶7 24	12 14
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	¶6 35	¶11 29	¶5 17	¶7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R	...	...	...	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

Trains No 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily § Sunday only. ¶ Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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CASTORIA

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS FOR Headache

FOR
NEURALGIA.
SCIATICA.
RHEUMATISM.
BACKACHE.
PAIN IN CHEST.
DISTRESS IN STOMACH.
SLEEPLESSNESS

TAKE ONE of the Little Tablets AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

If you have Headache Try One

They Relieve Pain Quickly, leaving no bad After-effects

25 Doses 25 Cents
Never Sold in Bulk

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30.000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

5 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

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THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year In advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1908.

WILL NOMINATE KNOX

Washington, May 19.—Lieut. Gov. Robert S. Murphy of Pennsylvania, will present the name of Senator P. C. Knox, Pennsylvania's candidate, to the Republican National Convention at Chicago. Mr. Murphy has been invited to perform this office for Senator Knox and has accepted the honor. He is one of the best orators in the state and the friends of the Pennsylvania senator are well pleased at the selection.

Mr. Murphy is a son of Francis Murphy, the great temperance advocate and is recognized as one of the ablest speakers that ever stumped the Keystone State. His home is at Johnstown where he is a leader of the local bar. In 1906 when Governor Stuart canvassed the state Mr. Murphy, as the candidate for lieutenant governor was a member of the governor's campaigning party and he won a reputation as a stump speaker. He has a fine presence and a wonderful voice and it is certain that every delegate in the hall at Chicago will be able to hear him distinctly.

It is probable that had Charles Emery Smith, the editor of the Philadelphia *Press*, lived he would have had the honor of nominating Knox, for he and the senator were close friends and Mr. Smith's oratory is known from one end of the country to the other. But in Mr. Murphy will be found the ability to perform the duty in a very acceptable manner and it is believed by his friends that his nominating speech will rank well with the nominating speeches of Ingersoll, Conkling and others who have swayed Republican national conventions.

Doubtful States in 1908.

(From Leslie's Weekly.)

Let the Republican campaign managers remember that the majorities in New York in 1896, 1900, and 1904 were abnormal, and could not be repeated in 1908 even under the best possible conditions for the party. Previous to 1896 the State had been swining from one party to the other, in successive presidential campaigns, for over a quarter of a century. Connecticut and Indiana had been very uncertain in those days also, while New Jersey had usually been Democratic. Let them also bear in mind that in 1892, in Mr. Cleveland's second election, not only did New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, and Indiana go Democratic, but the Democrats carried such stalwart Republican States as Illinois and Wisconsin, while the swing of six hundred votes from the Republican to the Democratic side would have given Ohio to that party. Cleveland secured one of Ohio's electoral votes. And the Republican candidate of that year, General Harrison, was a native of Ohio and a resident of Indiana.

A Pennsylvania law of 1820 provides that a vehicle must give one following and at a more rapid pace, one-half the traveled portion of the road, under a penalty of $20. The penalty and costs were recently collected from a farmer near Erie who refused to give half the road to an auto following him.

Only One Ex-President.

The only living American ex-president celebrated his seventy-first birthday last month. Grover Cleveland has been a private citizen for eleven years. Benjamin Harrison died eight years after his retirement, but President Arthur survived less than 20 months. Mr. Hayes lived 12 years and Grant eight years. John Adams, however, survived for 25 years, Filmore 21, Madison and John Quincy Adams each 19, and Jefferson 17 years. In 1868 there were three ex-presidents still living—Fillmore, Pierce and Buchanan—but since 1875 there have never been more than two alive at the same time, and for the greater part of the period there has been but one.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

New Locomotives.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad has placed an order for 49 engines with the American Locomotive Company. The total cost of these will be approximately $1,000,000. The locomotives will be of various patterns, but all are to be built on the latest models of railroad mechanical engineering. It is understood that the Scranton branch of the American Locomotive Company will receive its full share of the new work, and that the shops at the Cliff works are making preparations to begin to undertake their share of this unprecedentedly large contract.

No Raise Until Fall.

The persistent rumors that the railroad companies were contemplating a general raise of 10 per cent. on their freight rates brought an announcement that no such an increase would be made this summer. In the fall, the Pennsylvania, Reading and Trunk Line officials announce, the much-rumored raise will be made in order to secure increased revenue on account of "the increased cost of operation, high price of labor and general advance in prices of railroad commodities."

A fine new line of Wedding invitations just received at this office.

The Lackawanna Electric Shoe Polishing Company, of Scranton, with a capital stock of $50,000, was chartered Saturday at Dover, Del., under the laws of that State. The purpose of the company is to manufacture and sell a mechanical shoe polishing machine. The incorporators are Frank P. Christian, John A. Hudson and W. H. Schrader, all of Scranton. A person desiring a shine drops a nickel in the slot, and his shoes, after he puts his feet into a receptacle made for the purpose, are quickly and artistically cleaned and polished, it is said.

For the Children

To succeed these days you must have plenty of grit, courage, strength. How is it with the children? Are they thin, pale, delicate? Do not forget Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You know it makes the blood pure and rich, and builds up the general health in every way.

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the bowels are in proper condition. Correct any constipation by giving small laxative doses of Ayer's Pills. All vegetable, sugar-coated.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., May 18, 1908.

There has been a surprising amount of Johnson talk in Washington and wherever he has gone the Minnesota Governor has been the center of a group of politicians since he came here to attend the natural resources convention. It is even rumored that there is a movement on foot among the governors to start a sort of gubernatorial Johnson movement, to have the whole thing carefully organized and then, at what they deem the psychological moment, to come out strongly for the handsome young Governor of Minnesota. Of course as soon as this program is made public there will develop strong opposition from the Bryan strongholds and it is entirely possible the movement will die abornin', but that it is being seriously discussed here in Washington, there is no doubt.

***

The Republicans have once more given a notable exhibition of party discipline by suppressing the Brownsville debate for this session. Senator Culberson jumped into the breech and tried to force a vote before adjournment, but he was powerless against the almost solid Republican opposition, led by Mr. Foraker himself who, only a few days ago, was swearing by all the gods of war that the Senate should not adjourn without voting on his resolution restoring the discharged negroes to the army. Just what happened to Mr. Foraker is not known, but of course he was in the hopeless minority and it is probable that the Republican leaders laid down the law to him so emphatically that he was powerless to do otherwise, especially as he still hopes to come back to the Senate for another term.

***

The Republicans have tried to sidetrack the Rayner resolution providing that a court of inquiry shall be granted to Colonel Stewart, whom the President has ordered to Fort Grant, Arizona where, as one army officer expressed it, "He has nothing to command but tarantulas." The Republican majority referred the resolution to the committee on Military Affairs where they hope to keep it until adjournment, but Mr. Rayner has not given up the fight and he will do everything possible to secure prompt action by the committee. The case of Colonel Stewart is a peculiar one. He seems to have displayed an extraordinary capacity for quarreling with all his subordinates and with civilians, but Mr. Rayner's contention is that he at least deserves to have the charges brought before a court of inquiry or before a court martial, before he is punished, while the President contends that were it possible for officers to appeal to a Senator and get a court of inquiry whenever ordered to a post they dislike it would disrupt the discipline of the army.

***

The natural resources convention which the President has brought together at the White House was probably the most notable in the nation's history and the distinguished men of both parties who participated in the sessions are mast hopeful that it will result in genuine benefit to the country. Extraordinarily enough, the purpose of the conference, the conservation of the natural resources of the country, is wholly Democratic rather than Republican, but then Mr. Roosevelt has never hesitated to appropriate any good idea which Democrats evolved. The Republican policy nas been to confer these resources on their political favorites, precisely as they favor special interests by the tariff. However, the question is assuming such vast proportions that loyal Democrats feel that they cannot permit partisan bias to diminish the earnestness with which they apply themselves to the problems which the President proposes for their consideration.

***

Speaking of party discipline, the Republicans have apparently gotten together behind Secretary Taft and it now seems probable that no other name will be presented to the Chicago convention. Many of the party leaders who were most opposed to the nomination of the Secretary a short time ago are now working energetically for harmony at Chicago. It has long been recognized as the keynote of Republican success that the members of that party bury all personal preferences. I had almost said convictions—and labor for the success of their candidates, when chosen, and well wishers of the Democracy hope that this year the same may be true of their party.

***

There are many public men in Washington who regard the visit of the American fleet to Japan with grave concern, and the reports from ths Pacific coast, where the sailors are being treated with extraordinary consideration and hospitality, do not diminish the apprehension. It is pointed out that the officers and men will start across the Pacific after an experience as well calculated to make them egotistical, not to say cocky, as any that could possibly be devised. Under these circumstances they will, it is feared, be in no humor to take any affronts, even though they come from wholly irresponsible sources, and yet should they become enraged at any incident in Japan the most untoward results might ensue. There are many Republicans who believe that the President made a mistake in accepting the invitation of Japan and all will breathe easier when the visit to Nippon is a closed incident.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CONDORS OF CALIFORNIA.

Great Buzzard Kings of the Pacific Slope Becoming Extinct.

One night in the '80s a heifer from the Murietta ranch in Southern California was killed by a mountain lion that lived in the rastnesses back in the San Bernandino range, says a writer in the Century Magazine. From our camp the next day we noticed several buzzard, on a dead pine up the hillside. One of the rancheros pointed to a lone speck floating in the summer sky. "King of the buzzards," he said. An hour later the speck had increased in size, and he pointed to another speck just within the scope of vision. The next day the old Mexican took me up the arroyo and I counted 17 buzzards and two other birds that seemed twice the size of a buzzard, feasting on the carcass of the heifer. I was interested in the big birds, but the only information I received was a gesture back toward the highest peak of the range.

Years later as my interest in birds grew I could get comparatively little information about this "king of the buzzards," or California Condor (Cathartes californianus), for not many people had ever seen the bird, and very few had first hand information as to its nesting habits.

The report that it was rapidly following the great auk and that the species would soon become extinct was not without some foundation, for the California condor has a range more restricted than any other bird of prey. In the early part of the last century it was reported fairly common as far north as the Columbia river region, but now it seems to have entirely disappeared from that locality. Once it was reported in Utah, and Dr. Elliott Coues saw it in Arizona in 1865. With the exception of a record in southern Oregon, the habitat of the California condor now seems to be the region from Monterey county, Cal., south through the mountains of the east coast range and the extension of the San Bernandino range into Lower California. There is no record of the bird in Mexico.

It is not surprising that collectors have searched the mountains and that museums are willing to pay big prices for the eggs, for after a correspondence of several years W. Lee Chambers has found that there are ony 41 California condor eggs (26 first class and 15 second class) in the various museums and private collections of the world, while there are about 70 eggs of the great auk, which is now extinct. There are only half a dozen of the birds in captivity, and that number is not likely to be increased to any extent at present.

As to Fiction.

There's no doubt, of course, as to the superiority of fiction which pictures life as it should be over fiction which merely pictures life as it is. The rub comes in the unfortunate circumstance of there being so few of us who really know what life should be—too few, indeed, to fill up the chinks in the advertising pages, not to mention the body of the magazine.

A Conditional Gift.

The gods knew what they were about when they made health a conditional gift to mankind. For if it were absolute and inalienable, human folly would have a distinguished opportunity the less, and by that much be hampered in its appointed work of fostering and promoting trade and industry.

The man who can sculpture a stumbling block into a stepping stone has done more than most sculptors ever accomplish.

SUBSTANTIAL

Lowering of Suit Prices!

Today we commence a period of Suit Selling destined to be the best in the department's history. To get quickly to the bottom of the matter, these few facts are told. Within a very short time the space occupied by these suits will be taken for advance summer garments. This low price method is taken to get what Spring Suits remain out in time to accommodate the new arrivals.

The following prices will prove interesting to the woman who has yet to purchase her Spring Suit.

$10.00 SUITS FOR $7.50.

Latest styles stripes and plain colors. Sale Price $7.50.

$12.00 SUITS FOR $9.98.

Blue and brown, self striped Panama, Prince Chap Style. Sale Price $9.98.

$14.00 SUITS FOR $10.00.

Worsteds and self stripe Panama, Prince Chap and Cutaway style. Sale Price $10.00.

$17.50 SUITS FOR $15.50.

Excellent quality of Chiffon Panama, blues, browns and black. Jacket 27 inches, ¾ fitting back with dip front, worth $20.00. Sizes 14 to 40. Sale Price $15.50.

$18.00 and $20.00 SUITS FOR $12.98.

Sizes 14 to 36—every suit a new creation.

22.50 and 23.00 SUITS FOR 16.00

Elegant materials and tailorings—blues, brown and greens. Many of the best models. Sale Price $16.00.

25.00 SUITS FOR 17.50.

Excellent assortment, most all sizes in this lot. Best styles included. High grade handsome materials.

32.00 and 35.00 SUITS FOR 25.00.

The newest creations. Some of them copies of fine imported models, fine quality of fabrics—good color variety. Sale Price $25.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

We Have Ten Styles of

Envelopes and Paper to Match

—FOR—

Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets, Announcements, &c.

Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

Twenty-Four Styles of Type

FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

We Do All Kinds of Printing

Columbian Printing House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Cut off that cough with
Jayne's Expectorant
and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption.
The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.
Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

Ready for Spring Business.

Great 1908 Spring line of Shoes and Oxfords. Every Shoe or Oxford in our Spring line will carry with it ALL THE QUALITY it is possible to put into a shoe consistent with price.

Prices $1.50 to $6.00

ALL SIZES.

THE PROGRESSIVE SHOE STORE

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Go to the Parish House supper tonight.

A floating bath house on the river is talked of at Danville.

The circus season is here, but there is no circus in sight yet.

The new fire alarm system is completed, and has been tested and accepted by the town.

In the case of Yetter vs. Longenberger on trial last week, the verdict was for the defendant.

I. H. Hagenbuch, of Danville R. F. D. 4, was a recent visitor to Bloomsburg, and favored this office with a pleasant call.

The class of 1908 at the Normal has decided to give as a class memorial, the sum of $450 to beautify the grove on the school grounds.

The residence of Fred Ikeler, Esq., has been repainted, and a new porch larger than the old one is being erected on the lower side.

Every Woman Will Be Interested.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, or Bladder, Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb cure for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's **Australian-Leaf**. It is a safe and never failing regulator. At Druggists or by mail 50 cents. Sample package FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 5-14-4t.

N. U. Funk, Esq., is attending the sessions of the General Synod of the Reformed church in the United States, now meeting at York, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Eyerly returned from their wedding trip on Thursday. They spent a week in Washington, and a week at Old Point Comfort.

Chas. O. Skeer has decided to close his studio, and will abandon the teaching of voice culture for the present. He will resume his vocal studies in New York in the fall.

A large audience gathered in the court house on Tuesday to listen to Dr. McCormack's very interesting lecture. Many physicians were here from neighboring towns.

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

Judge Evans has granted a change of venue in the case of Peter Dietrick of Danville. The case has been ordered to Luzerne county, where it will be tried before Judge Lynch next December.

There is no decision in the Krickbaum election case yet. Evidently this case is giving the Supreme Court food for thought, as it is now more than a month since it was argued.

Some needed repairs are being made to the Episcopal property. A cement stairway and walls to the basement of the Parish House have been built, and the pointing on the Main street side of the church and tower is now going on.

Dr. Baker, superintendent of the Matteawan Insane Asylum, where Harry K. Thaw is confined, says that Thaw is insane. Dr. Evans, another expert on insanity, says he is not insane. This is an illustration of what expert testimony is sometimes worth.

Albra W. Baker, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DISEASES OF CHILDREN A SPECIALTY

Corner of Third and West Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hours:—Until 10 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Both Telephones.

5-7-6m

Mrs. L. P. Sterner was removed to the hospital on Monday, the attending physician having pronounced her illness to be typhoid fever. Only a few days before, Mrs. Sterner had buried her mother. Prof. Sterner and family are having their full share of trouble. It is feared now that his son Robert, who is staying with Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Bidleman, has typhoid fever.

Alfred S. Hawley, of Northumberland, father of Robert Hawley of this town, died at his home on Tuesday morning from paralysis. His age was 74 years. The funeral was held this morning. He was for many years the agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Northumberland.

Towanda stands a very good chance of getting a new post office building. Congressman Kipp has introduced in the national House of Representatives a bill to provide for a site and public building in the county seat of Bradford. The bill has been referred to the committee on Public Buildings and Grounds and will be considered in the very near future.

Mrs. Ellen Donahue died at her home on East street last Sunday afternoon. The funeral took place at St. Columba's church on Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock, conducted by Father Murphy. Her age was 80 years, and she was a native of Irelaud. She came to this country when 23 years old, and settled in Bloomsburg, where she has always resided.

A Certain Cure for Aching Feet.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Tired, Aching, Callous, Sweating, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 5-14-4t.

Although incorporated for forty years, Jeddo stands alone as the only borough in Pennsylvania that is free from crime. It has no jail, no police, no saloons. The population is composed exclusively of John Markle's office and official employes. He enacts the law without expense to the taxpayers, and he who attempts a violation of the rules cannot live in Jeddo.

Baseball News.

Everywhere you go you will find people talking about baseball and anxious to see the scores of the different leagues from day to day. *The Philadelphia Press* has arranged to print all the latest news and gossip of the baseball diamond and will have the best reports of all games amply illustrated and accurately and fairly written. Ask any man what newspaper is the great baseball and sporting authority and he will tell you quickly it is *The Philadelphia Press*, both daily and Sunday. You can get *The Press* from your newsdealer or carrier, or the paper will be mailed direct to your home for $3 00 per year daily edition. A list of handsome premiums given to subscribers, will be mailed to you if you write for catalogue.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Baltus A White, Deceased.

Letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Baltus A. White, late of the Township of Scott, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Luanna H. Terwilliger residing in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

LUANNA H. TERWILLIGER,
Administratrix C. T. A.
Wm. C. Johnston, Attorney. 5-21-6t

A glut in the strawberry market is the prediction of fruit dealers in nearly all sections of the country. Reports from growers of berries in Virginia, Delaware and New Jersey indicate that the coming crop will be better than for many seasons and shows much larger acreage. It is predicted that lovers of this succulent fruit in many northern cities will be able to eat all the good berries they want at six cents a quart, or perhaps five.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POOREST, BUT THE HAPPIEST.

People of Naples May Be Half Starving, Yet Ready to Dance and Sing.

It is estimated that a quarter of a million people in Naples live from hand to mouth; and there are hundreds of children who subsist out of the garbage boxes, and who sleep in churches and on doorsteps.

The taxes in Italy to provide warships and to keep the nation on a war footing with the other powers are really stupendous. There is a tax on everything, says the Delineator, grain in the field, fruit on the vine, old bottles. Fuel and foodstuffs are very dear—only labor is cheap. For the very poor, meat is a luxury unheard of, and even macaroni is too dear to be indulged in often. There are any number of perambulating street kitchens, where various kinds of soup, cakes and fruit are sold in portions costing one cent. And yet these people seem very happy. Bands of musicians are always playing in the streets; the guitar and mandolin are to be heard everywhere—on the boats, in the hotels—and the stranger is lulled to sleep by a soft serenade under his balcony.

The story teller thrives in Naples, as there are so many idlers there. He collects a little crowd around him and proceeds in the most dramatic way, gesticulating wildly and working his face into the most excruciating expressions, to relate stories of adventure or other events, much to the edification of his hearers, who, to show their appreciation, are often betrayed into giving a sou which might have been better spent for bread or polenta.

The public letter-writer is another street dignitary of importance, and in great demand, especially with timid and buxom maids of all work, who have themselves neglected to learn the art of writing. Of such the public letter-writer holds all the secrets of their lives and is often their adviser as well as amenuensis.

Wind and Fish.

A singular correspondence has lately been brought to light between the prevailing direction of the wind on the coast of New South Wales and the average catch of fish. The winds influence the ocean currents, which in turn influence the course of the fish. These influences have periods of three or four years. Thus in 1898 there was a general scarcity of fish, but afterward they became more and more abundant up to 1901. In 1905 there was another scarcity of fish, but the next year they began to return in increasing numbers. The cause of these variations was a mystery until the coincidence with the prevailing direction of the coastal winds was noticed. Now it is thought that by the study of the winds the prospects of the fishermen may be predicted two or three years in advance.—Youth's Companion.

A Snake Bite Knife.

The British government has been actively fighting snakes in India for a dozen years or more, and still these reptiles kill many thousand natives annually. Sir Lander Brumton, a little while ago, devised a neat pocket instrument for handy use in case of snake bite, and the Indian government has decided to distribute the apparatus widely among the natives. It consists of a small knife in the handle of which is a cavity. This is kept filled with permanganate of potash, a powerful antiseptic and caustic. When a person is bitten he immediately cuts the wound open widely, and rubs the permanganate upon the raw surface. If the bite is in the extremeties, and this operation is performed without delay, the treatment is very effective.

When the Huckster is Most Zealous.

"I never buy anything from a huckster who makes a great outcry about his stuff or seems very anxious to sell," says a South End housekeeper, "for the chances are ten to one that there is something the matter with whatever he has to sell.

"When two men with one wagon come up the street roaring 'appools' so they can be heard for four or five blocks, I know that some cold storage man has a big stock on hand just about to spoil and that the hucksters know that condition of the apples as well as the cold storage man, hence their zeal and energy to get rid of their stock."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Cure-All.

Are you fat? Walk.
Are you thin? Walk.
Are you nervous? Walk.
Have you no appetite? Walk.
Or do you gormandize? Walk.
Have you lost interest in life? Walk.

Maybe your poor stomach won't work. Walk.

Or perhap your liver has gone on a strike. Walk.

Cupid may have put a kink in your suffering heart. Walk.

In short, walking seems to be the remedy for all ills, save, perhaps, broken legs.

Room Enough for All.

The national Government authority on milk says that there are 35,200,000 microbes in every cubic centimetre of the lacteal fluid. If we accept this statement as one of fact, why should we continue to protest against overcrowding in the Subway cars.—N. Y. Press.

As a rule there's nothing in a name—but sometimes everything a man has is in his wife's name.

THE OUTPUT OF EXCELSIOR.

Ten Thousand Acres of Timber Sacrificed to That Stuffing Every Year.

Excelsior seems to the average man a trifling product, and one that by reason of its lightness cannot represent a large consumption of timber, yet there are so many uses for it that the total annual production for the country requires 60,000,000 feet of timber, or the growth of 10,000 acres of forest land.

Besides the constant use in general packing, excelsior is in demand by upholsters of furniture and carriages, by mattress makers, occasionally for stable bedding, and by steamships to filter salt water. A richly upholstered chair and a mattress which a customer fondly supposes to be filled with hair contains nothing but excelsior beneath—possibly a layer of cotton. Thus we sit and sleep on wood as well as read wood pulp newspapers, and at the mortal end of things we are likely to repose in a coffin upholstered with a choice grade of excelsior. One New York mattress factory uses a carload a day. Teddy bears owe their rotundity to a special quality of fine excelsior.

Logs must be perfectly dry for the manufacture of excelsior. They are generally seasoned for six months in sheds and then cut into 16-inch lengths and quartered. These block are fastened in the machine and are automatically fed thereafter. A series of sharp spurs eight inches wide and placed a fraction of an inch apart, rapidly scores the surface of the block to a depth that is less than the thickness of a match. A knife follows, planing the block to the depth of the scoring, and a bunch of curly excelsior falls on traveling belt.

One excelsior machine turns out half a ton a day, and the total annual production is estimated at 25,000 carloads, averaging 15 tons each. There is not much wood left on 10,000 acres of land when the excelsior machines have had their year's rations.

Where Money Is Useless.

Now and then one hears of out of the way places where the conventions of life as they are understood, do not exist. One of these is where money is useless. This is Ascension Island in the Atlantic.

The Island is the property of the British Admiralty, and is governed by a Captain of the royal navy. There is no private property in land; so there are no rents, taxes, etc. The flocks and herds are public property, and the meat killed is issued in rations. So are the vegetables grown on the farms.

Here, it would seem, is real socialism. When a fisherman makes a catch he brings it to the guard room, where it is issued by the sergeant major. The only private property is fowls and pigeons. Even the wild donkeys are under government control. They are listed on the books of the paymaster and are handed over at stock taking.

The population consists of a few bluejackets, a company of marines, and some Kroos from Sierra Leone.

There a marine can do anything. The muleteer is a marine; so are the gardeners, the shepherds, the stockmen, the grooms, the masons, the carpenters, and the plumbers. Even the island trapper who gets rewards for the tails of the rats is a marine.

Diamonds Harder Than Steel.

The diamond is the hardest mineral in existence although metal tantalum, used for electric lamp filaments comes very near it. Although so hard, the diamond is very brittle, so that a sharp blow will often fracture it. But Sir William Crookes who has devoted much time during many years to the scientific study of the diamond, has shown that if a good one is placed between the steel jaws of a hydraulic press, and the pressure is applied without jerk, so as to avoid fracture due to brittleness, the jaws may be made to meet without the slightest injury to even the edges of the diamond, the hard steel closing around it and taking an impression of the much harder diamond just like so much wax. This experiment, no doubt, in the hands of a skilled scientist would be all right, but we would not advise readers to try it on with their diamond rings.—Tit-Bits.

What He Was Waiting For.

A mysterious stranger with lowered brow and menacing glare stood alongside one of the shoemaking exhibits in a department store and watched the shoemaker at work. For a long time he stood there, never shifting his glance, staring steadily at the bench workman, watching him put handful after handful of tacks in his mouth and gradually empty each maw load into a shoe sole. Finally a store detective became suspicious, and after keeping an eye on the fellow for a while went over to him and asked him what he meant by his actions. "Oh, nothing," answered the man. "I'm just waiting to see what will happen if that shoemaker should sneeze while he has a mouthful of tacks."—Philadelphia Record.

Improved Diamond Drill.

Australian mining men rejoice in the possession of a new diamond drill weighing ony 400 pounds, while the weight of the machines now in use is three or four tons.

Ever notice that almost everyone you talk with gives you some information that isn't of any earthly use to you?

Clipt Prices in Your Favor.

MANY LINES REDUCED.

$20.00 Tailored Suits Dip Fronts	$15.00	$12.48 Prince Chap Suits Pleated Skirts	$9.96
50c Priestley's Black Mohair, Bright and Crisp	37½c	$1 00 Broad Cloths, Black and Colors	80c
50c Plaid Dress Goods	35c	$1.00 Colored Taffeta Silks, 27 in. wide	85c
$1.20 Black Taffeta Silk, yd wide	95c	$1.75 Herringbone Cravenette, Priestley's price	$1.25
45c White French Lawn Fine and Sheer	20c	15c Printed Voiles	11c
Best Apron Ginghams	7c	Yard Wide Hill Muslin	10c
Seamed Bleached Sheets regular 65c now	40c	45c Striped and Plaid Linen Suitings	40c
Covert and Cloth Jackets	$3.72	$1.00 Black Voile	85c
$1.00 Colored all Wool Dress Taffetas	85c		

All Dress Trimmings at Big Reduction in price.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

THE SUMMER VACATION GUIDE.

The summer vacation is the bright spot in the dull routine of the year's work. It breaks the monotony of the daily round, and cheers and invigorates for the strenuous life ahead

America abounds with delightful summer resorts in valley, on mountain, and beside the sea. The Atlantic coast line from Labrador to Cape Hatteras contains the greatest number of resorts devoted entirely to the pursuit of pleasure and health in the world.

One may purchase from Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agents, excursion tickets to over eight hundred of these resorts, covering all the desirable places, from the rock-bound bays of Newfoundland to the gentle, sandy slopes of the Virginia beaches; from the White Mountains of New Hampshire to the Cumberland Mountains of Tennessee; in the wilds of Canada; along the shores of the St. Lawrence and the Great Lakes.

The famous seacoast resorts of New Jersey—Atlantic City, Cape May, Wildwood, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Asbury Park, Long Branch, Spring Lake, Seaside Park, Beach Haven and others, so well known that description is superfluous—are among the most popular and the most easily accessible resorts in the country.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Summer Excursion Book, to be obtained of Ticket Agents at ten cents a copy, or of the General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia, by mail postpaid for 25 cents, describes them all and gives the rates and stop-over privileges allowed on tickets.

5-14-2t.

TO INSURE PROSPERITY

J. J. Hill Rates Gathering of Governors as Priceless.

GO BACK TO NATURE

Calls It "One of the Greatest Steps Forward Ever Taken in United States."—Only Way Is to Conserve Our National Resources—Obligations of the Future.

New York, May 21.—James J. Hill said in his office at No. 32 Liber street, that one of the surest ways to insure continued prosperity in the United States is to carry on the work of the Governors' conference recently held in Washington.

"That meeting called by President Roosevelt to insure the conservation of national resources was," said Mr. Hill, "one of the greatest steps forward that has been taken in many years.

"We need men at the head of this movement who will keep on fighting and not become discouraged by the many rebuffs that are sure to come.

"It may be that little progress will be shown for four or five years. The active worker of to-day may become a bit weary of not showing better results, but if we can only keep the right kind of people interested I am sure the results will benefit generations to come in this country.

"America to-day is suffering from too much surface work. We as a people have been satisfied to skim over affairs, forgetting that we have an obligation to our sons and grandsons.

"We have been destroying right and left, and now that the subject has come before the people in a natural way, I have the greatest hopes that good will come from the first meeting.

"My idea is to make the organization a lasting one. We want yearly meetings, oftener if need be; but not less than once a year.

"The people of the United States States need to get back to nature. We want to pay more attention to the ground and less to stocks.

"Less Wall Street and more farming will be one of the greatest salvations of this wonderful country.

"We have had hard times and we are not out of the woods yet. We have been taught a lesson, and if it is a lasting impression then it has not been in vain."

Eddyites Work Over Dead.

Asheville, N. C., May 20.—For five days Christian Scientists demonstrated over the dead body of Frank J. Carpenter, a wealthy citizen, formerly of Savannah, Ga., to bring the body back to life. When the husband died his wife refused to allow the body to be removed, and when undertakers came to the house by orders of the doctors she drove them away. She declared that her husband was not dead.

She sent for Christian Scientists, and declared her husband wanted to "speak to her." After several days and all efforts had failed by the Christian Scientists to resurrect her husband, Mrs. Carpenter shut herself up alone with the body. Carpenter's body was spirited away by a trained nurse and an undertaker while Mrs. Carpenter was asleep, and embalmed.

Favors Anti-Gambling Bills.

Albany, N. Y., March 20.—President Roosevelt is in favor of the abolition of race-track gambling and has so expressed himself. This statement was made by Senator Agnew, who introduced the anti-race-track gambling bills in the upper house. The Senator said: "One of my constituents has lately had a talk with the President in relation to conditions in the Empire State. In the course of this conversation the President expressed himself as strongly in favor of the anti-race-track gambling bills."

To Resume Cattle Tests.

Albany, N. Y., May 20.—In spite of the protests from the farmers who have been injured by the system, and also in spite of the charges recently made by Governor Hughes regarding the administration of the State Agricultural Department, the old policy of applying the tuberculin tests to cattle will be continued with renewed vigor by R. A. Pearson, the new cattle commissioner, who succeeded Charles A. Wieting in April. Mr. Pearson said that as soon as the department new appropriation for his department is made available he will put to work his full force of inspectors in every dairy county in the State from which may come requests for the test or complaint is made of the suspicion of tuberculosis in cattle.

To Wind Up Allegheny Bank.

Pittsburg, May 19.—It is officially announced that the Allegheny National Bank, whose former cashier, William Montgomery, is in jail specifically charged with the misappropriation of $594,000, while officers of the Bank and of the Treasury Department are trying to fathom still larger apparent discrepancies in the bank's funds, will not reopen for business. The Controller of the Treasury has taken charge and will close up the affairs of the bank.

PRESIDENT TO THE GOVERNORS.

Striking Points in Speech to Notable Gathering of Executives.

Washington, May 21.—With a plea for the preservation of the natural resources of the country, President Roosevelt opened the conference of Governors called by him to consider the subject.

Facing the President when he called the conference to order was the most notable gathering that has ever assembled in the East Room of the White House.

The President delivered the first and principal address, the striking points in which were as follows:

This conference on the conservation of natural resources is in effect a meeting of the representatives of all the people of the United States called to consider the weightiest problem now before the nation.

When the founders of this union met at Independence Hall in Philadelphia the conditions of commerce had not fundamentally changed from what they were when the Phoenician keels first furrowed the lonely waters of the Mediterranean.

Our position in the world has been attained by the extent and thoroughness of the control we have achieved over nature; but we are

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

more, and not less, dependent upon what she furnishes than at any previous time of history since the days of primitive man.

The wares of the merchants of Boston, of Charleston, like the wares of the merchants of Nineveh and Sidon, if they went by water, were carried by boats propelled by sails or oars; if they went by land were carried in wagons drawn by beasts of draught or in packs on the backs of beasts of burden. The ships that crossed the high seas were better than the ships that had once crossed the Aegean, but they were of the same type, after all.

In Washingtons time anthracite coal was known only as a useless black stone.

Now all this is changed. On the average, the son of the farmer of to-day must make his living on his fathers farm. There is no difficulty in doing this if the father will exercise wisdom.

When the people of the United States consciously undertake to raise themselves as citizens, and the nation and the States in their several spheres to the highest pitch of excellence in private, State and national life, and to do this because it is the first call of all the duties of true patriotism, then, and not till then, the future of this nation, in quality and in time, will be assured.

Root for Chief Justice.

Chicago, Ill., May 19.—A special dispatch from Washington says there is an understanding at the capital that Secretary of State Elihu Root is slated for the place of Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, provided the appointment comes in the way either of Mr. Roosevelt or Mr. Taft. Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of Chicago may take advantage of the law and retire on full pay in the next few years.

Clergyman Kills Wife.

Fairmont, West Va., May 20.—Temporarily insane according to his own statement the Rev. S. A. Coffman, aged 50 years, a prominent Methodist Episcopal clergyman, killed his wife by cutting her throat. A moment after the crime he says, he regained his senses and realized what he had done. He surrendered himself and was locked up.

Confessed Killing Three.

Freehold, N. J., May 19.—The county authorities have announced that Frank Zastera the Hungarian farm hand who gave the alarm that William B. Sheppard, his wife, and maid servant, Jennie Blendy, had been murdered, has confessed that he himself fired the five shots by which they were killed.

Dr. Wilbur Now a Catholic.

St. Louis, May 19.—The Rev. Dr. Russell A. Wilbur, formerly Archdeacon of the Episcopal Diocese of Fond Du Lac, Wis., was confirmed here by Archbishop John J. Glennon as a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

Hawaii for Bryan.

Honolulu, May 20.—The Democratic Territorial Convention elected delegates to the National Convention and instructed them for William J. Bryan.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

William K. Marsh, a rich inventor of Flatbush, N. Y., put his business affairs in order, when he was told by his physicans that he was dying of hydrophobia.

Representative Hobson, after a conference with the President, came out enthusiastically for two thirty-thousand-ton battleships in the next Naval Appropriation bill.

The Republican party was given a verbal trouncing by Senator Robert L. Taylor, or "Fiddling Bob," as he is known in Tennessee, in the course of his maiden speech in the Senate. He sustained his reputation as a humorist.

Dynamiting has been resorted to in the Cleveland street car strike. One car was practically wrecked and another lifted from the tracks.

Two thousand steel cars have been ordered by the New York Central Railroad for its Pittsburg and Lake Erie Division.

Captain Samuel Samuels, who commanded the famous clipper ship the Dreadnought, and who sailed the Henrietta in the transatlantic yacht race of 1866, died in his Brooklyn home.

Addressing a New Thought meeting in New York, Mrs. Caroline Footmarsh said she had thrown away a lot of useless furniture and pictures and advised her hearers to rid their homes of superfluous articles.

It is announced that the thirteenth annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers will be the most important in its history, because of the efforts to obtain tariff-reform legislation.

R. C. Auld said he would soon publish a book entitled "The Soul of Society," in which he tells the secret of discovering your true soulmate, thus enabling you to avoid the divorce court.

J. Byard Collins in Christ Presbyterian Church, New York, delivered a socialistic address in which he said that John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnege and others are ready to turn their property and their money over to the state.

A prominent paper manufacturer declares the Congressional tariff investigation has shown the good faith of the trade and predicts the retreat of complaining publishers.

At a mass meeting of the unemployed it was voted to appoint a committee to enlist the aid of John D. Rockefeller.

Washington despatches estimated that W. J. Bryan's strength in the Denver Convention would probably reach 800 delegates.

J. H. Conkling died in Middletown, Conn., of blood poisoning as a result of the suicidal act of pouring hot lead into his ear months before.

Representatives of eighty-five colleges and universities attended the dedication ceremonies of the new buildings of the College of the City of New York.

The House of Representatives passed the Vreeland Currency bill by a vote of 184 to 145.

The United States District Court dismissed the petition of one of the negro soldiers discharged at Brownsville, Tex., holding that President Roosevelt had ample authority for giving him his discharge.

A three-year-old Italian boy who was kidnapped and held forty-three days for a $5,000 ransom, was mysteriously deserted in a hallway in New York City.

Grover Cleveland was too ill to reply to a message of sympathy from the conference of Governors.

The conservation conference adjourned sine die and the Governors laid a foundation for an organization of their own.

Robert W. Fullerton, son of a St. Louis merchant, was arrested in Seattle on charges made by a New York girl.

Martin Van Buren, namesake and favorite nephew of President Van Buren, died in penury at Albany.

Cardinal Logue warned Americans against a great army and navy.

FOREIGN.

The British Government has received from Washington an invitation to attend the Internation Tuberculosis Conference to be held in Washington next September.

A Dutch schooner arrived at Curacao from Puerto Cabello, where it had been feared that the bubonic plague had made its appearance. The captain of the schooner declared the sanitary conditions there were good.

The coming Pan-Anglican Congress in London is expected to be notable for practical results as well as for world-wide attendance.

Pekin is alarmed says a special cable despatch from Shanghai, by the military strength of the rebels in Yun Nan Province.

MAE WOOD TESTIFIES.

Describes in Court a Brief Ceremony Performed in Secret.

New York, May 21.—Wisdom as of the serpent alternating with the doting of a pantaloon shone forth in Justice O'Gorman's part of the Supreme Court as belonging to the character of United States Senator Thomas Collier Platt, according to the testimony of a woman suing him for divorce. Mae C. Wood-Platt, as the plaintiff called herself, or Mae C. Wood, as the defendant insisted

SENATOR T. C. PLATT.

she was, painted the Senator as at one time writing to her in terms suggestive of a schoolboy's calfish infatuation for a divinity in pigtails and pinafores, and at another showing enough shrewdness to lull her acutest suspicion. She pictured him as addressing her on the glittering veranda of the Manhattan Beach Hotel, with endearments, as making her his wife on November 9, 1901, and inducing her to keep the marriage private on the plea that it would hurt his chance of re-election to the Senate; as calling her "Baby," and "My Little Bride-to-Be" and "My Dear Little One," and "My Dear, Dearest May June-November Bride." The sprightly statesman in his papers denied ever having gone through a wedding ceremony with the plaintiff, and said the co-respondent, Lillian Janeway Platt, was his lawful wife.

Mrs. Wood-Platt said she had letters from the Senator supporting her assertion. She identified a typewritten sheet, as in substance a copy of the letter, as nearly as she could remember. The alleged copy was as follows.

"Friday, November 8, 1901.

"My Little Bride-to-Be—I have made all arrangemenets. You are not to say anything to anybody nor do anything but obey implicitly my instructions. You are to be here at 4 o'clock sharp. I inclose a card for you to give to the hotel clerk, who will look after you and show you to room 158. You need not register.

"I will care for you when everything is ready, as per card inclosed. Please do not keep us waiting. I am an old fool, but you will never regret the step, for you shall be as free as you are until the proper time comes.

"Believe me, lovingly, TOM."

Thaw Refuses to Pay Debts.

New York, May 19.—It has been learned that Harry K. Thaw, who is fighting for his freedom from the Matteawan Asyum for the Criminal Insane, has unpaid bills against him amounting to approximately $200,000, and that he refuses to pay out a dollar to his creditors as long as he is officially insane. The creditors number about one hundred and forty, and the amounts of their individual claims range all the way from $35,000 down to a comparatively few dollars. They include lawyers, doctors, alienists, and a horde of tradespeople—in fact, nearly everybody who had rendered service or sold any thing to Thaw, since his first trial for the killing of Stanford White.

Canes Congressman Clark.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 19.—Congressman Frank Clark and ex-Gov. William Sherman Jennings were in a fight at the Aragon Hotel here. Jennings is a cousin of William Jennings Bryan and a candidate for member of the National Democratic Committee. In a recent speech Clark declared that Jennings was reputed to be on the threshold of pauperism when elected Governor, and at the expiration of his term of office he was reputed to a very rich man. Clark was standing in the hotel lobby when Jennings entered from the rear, and seizing Clark's walking cane, inflicted ugly wounds upon Clark's head before any one coud interfere.

For War of Insects.

Boston, May 19.—Within a few days 100,000 European parasites will have been let loose in Massachusetts to exterminate the gypsy and brown-tail moths. One variety a big beetle, climbs the trees, seizes the moths and never lets go until it has devoured the wriggling insect. Another lays its eggs on the outer skin of the moths, usually close up to the head. The larvas that hatch penetrate the skin and feed upon the moth's intestines.

SPERRY HOISTS HIS FLAG

In Command of the Fleet for Homeward Cruise.

C. M. THOMAS RETIRES

New Commander Received With Salutes and Other Naval Honors Befitting His Position—Has Charge of Strongest Force of Fighting Ships in History of Nation.

San Francisco, May 21.—Rear Admiral Charles Stillman Sperry, who returned six months ago from a mission of peace as one of the American delegates to the conference at The Hague, assumed command of the strongest force of first class fighting ships assembled in the history of the Nation. Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, who succeeded Rear Admiral Evans as commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, hauled down his flag from the truck of the Connecticut, and ten minutes later Admiral Sperry was received on board the flagship, with the salutes and other

ADMIRAL SPERRY.

naval honors befitting his position. The ceremonies were carried out in the briefest possible fashion and in strict accordance with naval regulation.

Rear Admiral W. H. Emery transferred his flag from the Georgia to the Louisiana, the new flagship of the Second squadron, Third division. Captain Richard Wainwright gave up command of the Louisiana and hoisted the triangular blue flag of senior division officer on the Georgia. He commands the Second division. Captain Schroeder, commanding the Virginia, assumed command of the Fourth division and took up his quarters on the new flagship Wisconsin. Both Captains Schroeder and Wainwright will be promoted to the grade of rear admiral in July.

Rear Admiral Dayton, commander-in-chief of the Pacific fleet, outranks Admiral Sperry, and as soon as Admiral Thomas's blue flag was run down on the Connecticut he became senior officer, in command of the combined fleets. It had been intended that the Pacific fleet should sail at once and thus avoid the ensuing complications of change of command, but under orders from Washington the cruisers were held here to await further instructions.

Under orders from Admiral Sperry, the bronze battleship target practice trophy was transferred from the battleship Illinois of the Atlantic fleet to the armored cruised Maryland of the Pacific fleet.

Mrs. Gunness Dead.

Laporte, Ind., May 21.—The upper and lower plates of artificial teeth from the mouth of Mrs. Belle Gunness were found in the ashes of the Gunness home. Dr. L. P. Norton, who made the lower plate positively identified them.

"The finding of the plates proves beyond the shadow of a doubt," said Sheriff S. Smutzer, "that Mrs. Gunness was burned to death in the fire."

The body of Jennie Olsen has been officially identified. Prosecuting Attorney Smith said that Ray Lamphere, now held in jail here on the charge of murdering Mrs. Gunness and her children, will not be tried before Sept. 1.

Mercury Cures Tuberculosis.

Washington, May 19.—Recent advices from the new naval hospital at Fort Lyon, Col., confirms the promising report made by Surgeon B. L. Wright, on duty at the sanitarium, regarding the results of treating tuberculosis by the use of mercury. Naval surgeons at the hospital have been closely observing the thirty cases subjected to this treatment, and the progress it is said has been such as to add to the confidence that they have made an important discovery.

Right to Seize Liquors.

Albany, May 21.—Important amendments are made to the liquor tax law in a bill of Senator Raines which was approved by Governor Hughes. Among other things the new law gives the right of search and seizure to special excise agents and forfeits to the State all liquors seized by such officers. Liquor so

KILLED FATHER THEN HIMSELF.

George E. Sterry, Wealthy Drug Merchant Killed.

New York, May 21.—George E. Sterry, Jr., Secretary of the Weaver & Sterry Company, Limited, one of the oldest drug firms in the country, with offices and warehouses for fifty years at 79 Pine Street, shot and killed his father as the elder man sat at his desk, and then put a bullet into his own head at exactly the same point in the right temple, where he had shot his father. Both died instantly. The father was President of the drug company, was interested in a number of others, and was accounted a millionaire.

The cause of the patricide and suicide was that the father, whose name was also George E. Sterry, had decided to marry on June 3, Miss Rachel Blaikie, a school teacher of East Orange, N. J. The four sons had known for six months about the intended marriage. They all opposed it and the son left a letter saying that he would not allow his father to disgrace the memory of his sainted mother. He had prayed over the matter sometimes as often as twenty times a day, he said, in the letter, and he felt that God had prompted him to kill his father.

Wrecked Aeroplane Cut Up.

Manteo, N. C., May 19.—Having completely broken up their airship which was wrecked at Kill Devil Hill, Wilbur and Orville Wright, the Dayton, Ohio aeronauts, received at their camp on the beach the correspondents who have been watchfrom a distance their experiments of the past ten days. The only vestige of the airship which the inventors saved was the gasolene engine. The other parts were cut up to make it impossible for their ideas of aerial navigation to be discovered.

Campaign for Prosperity.

St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—The National Prosperity Association of St. Louis will send representatives to cities, towns and county seats, to spread the "Give us a rest and sunshine" movement, and induce the local business, labor and agricultural organizations to unite for promoting the best interests of the country. Where no commercial or agricultural bodies are in existence the representatives of the association will endeavor to organize them.

Tramp Professor Dead.

Princeton, N. J., May 19.—Walter Augustus Wyckoff, assistant professor of political economy in Princeton University, is dead here. He was fifty years old and known as the tramp professor. Born to wealth and social position, he early exhibited a keen interest in the laboring man, and took many trips as a tramp. Young Wyckoff in two years made his way to California, working as a laborer and tramping. He started with only a small sum of money, and often had to go without food.

Japan Seeks Loan.

New York, May 19.—A report has reached the city from Washington that the Japanese financiers who came to New York about a week ago on their way to London to float a loan for 300,000,000 yen, were in negotiation with E. R. Harriman, Jacob R. Schiff, August Belmont and others for the formation of a syndicate here to take over the entire loan, or a large part of it.

BASE BALL.

Standing of the Clubs.

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	15	7	.682	Boston	11	13	.519
Pittsburg	13	9	.591	Cincinnati	12	12	.500
Philadelphia	13	10	.565	St Louis	10	18	.357
New York	13	12	.520	Brooklyn	9	18	.333

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	17	9	.654	Chicago	13	13	.500
Philadelphia	17	11	.607	Detroit	12	13	.480
Cleveland	14	11	.560	Washington	10	16	.384
St. Louis	14	14	.500	Boston	9	19	.321

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—N. 2, Red, $1.03@$1.07. N. 1, Northern Duluth $1.17¼.
CORN—No. 2, 72½@ 73.
OATS—Mixed, white 56c.
MILK—Per quart, 2¾c.
BUTTER—Western firsts, 21@22c. State Dairy, 20@21c.
CHEESE—State, full cream, 14½@15c.
EGGS—State and nearby, fancy, 19c.; do., good to choice, 18@18½c.; western firsts, 16½17c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 10@11½c.
CALVES—City Dressed, 9@12c.; Country Dressed, 8@10½c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $5.15@$5.25.
HOGS—Live per 100 lbs., $6.10@$6.10.
HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., $1.00.
STRAW—Long Rye, 70@80c.
LIVE POULTRY—Chickens per lb., 9c.; Turkeys per lb., 11c.; Ducks per lb., 11@12c.; Fowls per lb., 13½c.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 12@17c.; Fowls per lb., 12@14c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 25@40c.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, State per sack, $2.40@$2.60.
Onions—White per crate, $1.00@$1.75.

"The" Allen Dead.

New York, May 18.—"The" Allen whose forty years of poolroom-keeping brought him into hundreds of conflicts with generations of police and gained for him the title of "the wickedest man in New York," died at his home, No. 17 West Eighth street, of locomotor ataxia. He was 77 years old.

The Telegram.

By Hon. Mary Cavendish.

"Odd hand, my last," remarked one of the bridge players. He was a good-looking fair man, with an eyeglass, who was not too much absorbed in his game to find time to glance at the girl in white who sat on the opposite side of him. She seemed to have a great deal to say to the man by her side. He looked like a sailor, a man with a keen, alert face, and far-seeing eyes. They talked in low tones between the plays. The game went on.

"What a good game!" said one of the men, as they rose. He stifled a yawn, looking at the clock.

"Yes," replied the man with the eyeglass, absently. "Good game." He was looking towards the girl and fellow.

The hostess glanced suddenly at the clock. "My dear people," she exclaimed, "if any of us mean to hunt to-morrow we ought to go to our little beds. I had no idea it was so late. George has probably gone to sleep in the smoking room. Evie are you bored to death playing cards?"

The girl in white smiled demurely. "No, thanks, dear," she replied prettily. She did not look bored.

They moved into the hall, where there was a keen but silent competition between the sailor and the man with the eyeglass to light and hand the candles. Both turned at the same moment to the girl in white.

"Good-night,' she said softly and impartially to them both.

The two other men who had been playing bridge had gone down the corridor to the smoking room and their host. A whistled chorus of "Of course I don't know, but I guess," came back softly to the two men left in the hall. The women's voices sounded faintly upstairs, with the soft rustle of their frocks. The sailor's eyes suddenly met those of the other man, and he held out his hand.

"Good-night, old man," he said; "I'm going to turn in." He went up stairs whistling.

In her own room the girl was reading a letter, a long letter in a feminine hand. She read and re-read it, and then suddenly threw it into the fire. The flames curled round the sheet. Some words stood out very distinctly.

". . . told me and of course he knows. It's quite private, and not to be breathed a word about, yet. But he said it's almost certain that—" the flames burned out the name—"will get the money. And such a pile! He is to have a wire to-morrow. Be sure and not breathe a word" . . . The letter burned up quickly. A few gray ashes dropped into the grate. Outside an owl hooted mournfully. The girl shivered, looking nervously over her shoulder. Three words still stood out distinctly on the charred sheet: "Such a pile"

* * * * * * *

They all came in from hunting the next evening, tired and pleased with their day. There was the usual search on the hall table for telegrams, or second-post letters. The man with the eyeglass took up an orange envelope. He looked his tall, straight best in pink, mud-splashed as he was. He read the telegram, and an eager light came into his eyes. He gathered up his letters, with one quick glance at the girl, and went upstairs.

"Come along, Evie, let's go and change," said her hostess. She linked her arm in the girl's, and they walked together to the foot of the wide staircase. But she suddenly remembered a message to be given, and turned back into the hall again. Only the sailor was there as she passed through. He was gazing at the staircase which the girl was ascending. At the top he paused, stooped, and picked up something it looked like an envelope. She passed on to her room quickly. The sailor's straight brows were knit together. He sat on in the hall, staring into the fire, until the girl came down again. She held a pile of letters in her hand and was going to the post box. Something surely fluttered from her fingers as she passed him. He stooped and picked up an orange envelope. A name stood out legibly.

"You dropped this?" he said interrogatively. She started, coloring violently.

"I? Oh, no." He looked at her for one puzzled moment, and her eyes fell before his. She looked very young and pretty. The sailor laid the telegram on the mantelpiece, behind the loud-ticking clock. Then he took the girl's hand. . . . "But I am so very sorry," she was saying, regretfully, a few moments later. The soldier with the eyeglass was coming downstairs, spick-and-span, and well-brushed. The sailor left the hall.

They drank their health that evening at dinner, and every one said how pleased they were. The sailor, too, though his congratulations were brief. After dinner there was another announcement to make. The man with the eyeglass spoke.

They chaffed him, and called him the richest commoner in England, and said what a thing it was to have an unknown uncle who made fortunes and then died conveniently in the bush. And when the sailor's eyes next met those of the girl, there was an odd look of contemptuous pity in them. But Evi'e hostess was saying to herself what a mercy it was the girl had chosen the right man before she knew. . . . She always liked him best, I suppose,' she remarked to her husband the next day.

If You Read This

It will be to learn that the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung disease (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherry bark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such *professional* endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous, harmful or habit-forming drugs and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful agent in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

CURES FOR INSOMNIA.

Mrs. Phligminthrow Suggests One That Might Do in Some Cases.

"In my own case," said Mr. Phligminthrow, "I find that insomnia proceeds largely from worry over money. My nerves are all right and I have a cast iron stomach, . can eat anything and enjoy it, and as a general proposition life looks pretty rosy to me; but still I do occasionally have nights that I can't sleep, when I lie awake worrying over how I am going to make both ends meet.

"I never deliberately consider financial questions at night, but I do find that sometimes—and this may be after a most completely comfortable evening—financial questions obtrude themselves upon me after I have gone to bed.

To stave off these unpleasant questions and enable myself to forget them so that I could go to sleep I have tried various familiar methods; I have got out of bed and stood up to make myself tired; I have recalled and dwelt on pleasant journeys; I have counted from one up to a million, more or less; I have said the alphabet backward over and over again; I have tried many things; but do you know what in my case I find most efficacious? It is a story that I tell to myself about how I am going to become comfortably rich and thus free from all financial troubles.

"It took me a considerable time to build up this story in such comfortable shape that it just suited me, so that it seemed natural; like something that might have happened, you understand, and then I filled in the amount that was coming to me, making that enough so that the income from it would be sufficient to provide for all ordinary wants and as well as for a few modest luxuries, including a little travel—a pleasant prospect to dwell upon. And by the time I had this story completely built up it took me some time to tell it to myself, with that snug little fortune that was to save me from all financial worry coming in at the end.

"And then when those money questions used to pounce on me after I'd gone to bed and threaten to keep me awake I'd start off and tell myself that story, as in truth I have done many times. And sometimes I'd have to tell it to myself two or three times over in succession to drive away the spectre and then again once would do, that money coming in at the end of it soothing me to sleep, and then I have sometimes even not been compelled to tell it all through once; I have fallen asleep before I had finished it, before I got to the money, so sure was I that it was coming to me."—New York Sun.

Giant Records.

An Eskimo will devour greedily twenty pounds of meat a day. A Russian Tartar will eat in twenty-four hours forty pounds. Captain Cochrane mentions a Tartar who consumed in that time the hind quarters of a large ox, twenty pounds of fat and a proportionate quantity of melted butter for drink. Three of his tribe—the Yakuti—think nothing of polishing off a reindeer at a meal. In London and New York the average consumption of meat is half a pound to each person daily; in Paris it is one-sixth of a pound, with a much lower fraction for the villages and country; the Irishman's bone and muscle are elaborated from potatoes, not from flesh, and the brawny Highlander builds up his huge members from porridge, kail and whisky.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

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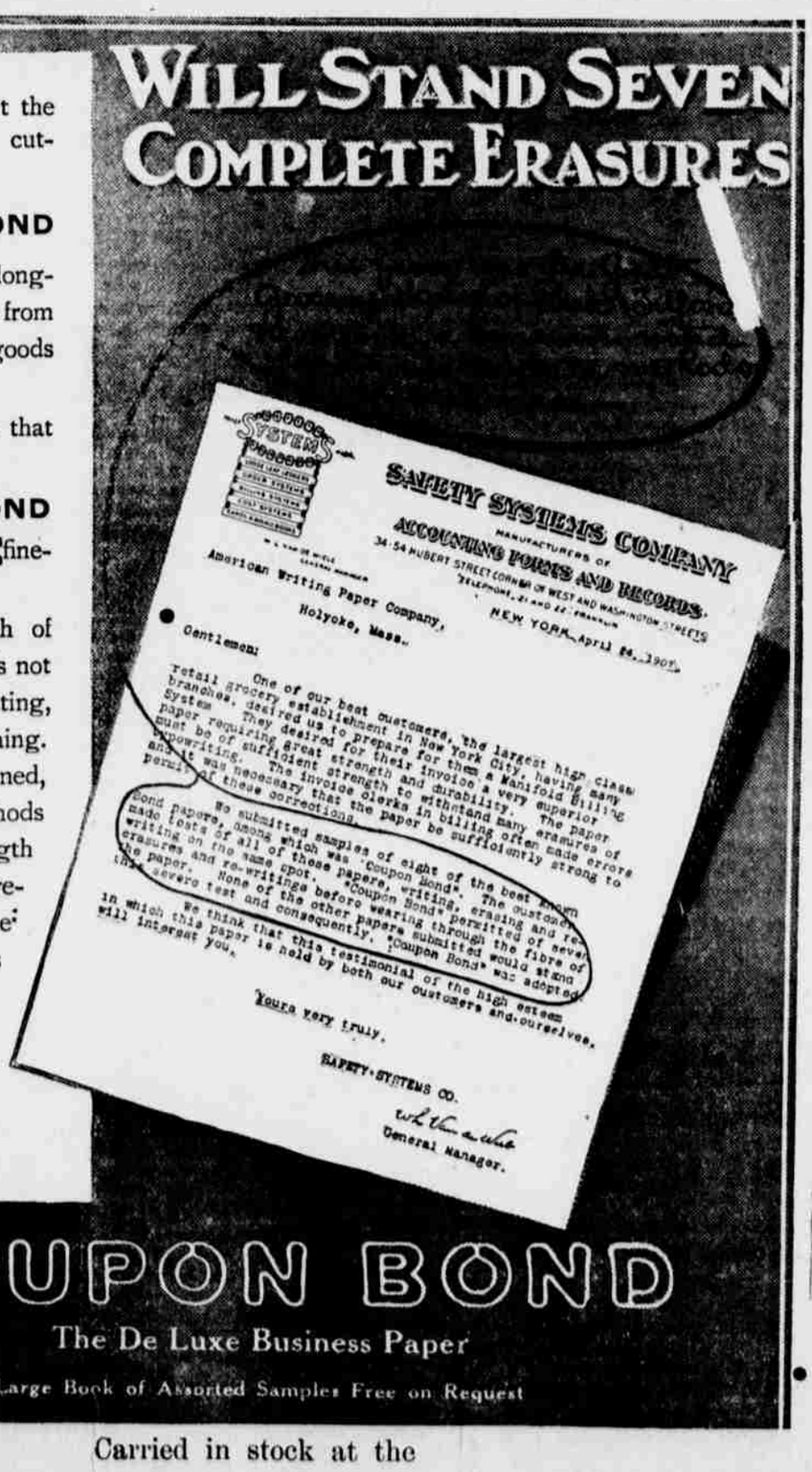

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Ent Building, next to Court House
Bloomsburg, Pa.

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Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
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Office in Wirt's Building.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
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Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND
EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
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N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
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Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg,
Oct 31, 1901. tf

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1908.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 1st, 1908.

J. H. COLEMAN, PRESIDENT, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE STROUP FUND.

Securities on hand as received from C. C. Yetter, my predecessor:

Town Bond No. 257	$500.00	
Town Bond No. 464	500.00	
Town Bond No. 439	500.00	
Town Bond No. 438	600.00	
Town Bond No. 431	775.00	
Town Bond No. 441	200.00	
		$3,075.00

DR.

To cash received from C. C. Yetter	$103.91	
To Int. on Bonds	122.50	
		$ 226.41

CR

By amount paid for coal	95.10
Balance on hand	131.31

J. H. COLEMAN, PRESIDENT, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG.

DR

To Fines paid	$131.80	
To Licenses and Rent	245.00	
To Sewer Permits	42.00	
		418.80

CR

By 65 Hearings	39.00	
By 11 Sewer Permits	5.50	
By Swearing in Police	.60	
By Expenses, Food and Trolley Fares, etc	1.00	
By Work on Streets	7.20	53.30
By Cash paid Treas.	418.80	

W. V. Robbins, Tax Collector.

DR

To bal. 1904 duplicate	.80	
To bal. 1905 duplicate	652.87	

CR

By Cash		.80
By Cash		470.58
By Exonerations		163.09
By Balance Due		19.20
		652.87

DR

To bal. 1906 dup.	6,359.82	

CR

By Cash		5,026.43
By Exonerations		426.79
By Balance Due		906.60
		6,359.82

DR

To bal. 1907 dup.	8,225.32	

CR

By Cash		477.78
By Balance Due		7,747.54
		8,225.32

Miles Betz, Tax Collector.

DR

To bal. on duplicate 1901 and 1902	1,974.14	

CR

By Exonerations, Council, March 9, 1908		1,974.14

TREASURER'S REPORT,
Year Ending April 6th, 1908.
D. W. Campbell, Treasurer

DR

To Bal. from J. W. Lee Treasurer	3,674 00	
Amt. collected by D. W. Campbell Treas. dup. 1907	15,052.72	
Amount from W. V. Robbins, Col. 1904	.80	
Amount from W. V. Robbins, Col. 1905	470.58	
Amount from W. V. Robbins, Col. 1906	5,026.43	
Amount from W. V. Robbins, Col, 1907	477.78	
Amount from Wm. Webb, rent of Town Hall for Primary Elections '07 and '08	24 00	
Amount from C. C. Yetter, 1906, Bal.	266.16	
Amount from C. C. Yetter, ac. paving	6,549.88	
Amount from C. C. Yetter acc. Tax Liens collected 1907-8	465.37	
Amount from Josiah Giger, Stone	3.60	
Amount from Josiah Giger, brick	.35	
Amount from John M. Clark, stone	.90	
Amount from Foreign Fire Ins. agent	276.26	
Amount from License, ['07 Hidlay]	120.00	
Amount from License [1908]	1,680.00	
Amount from C.W. Runyon [Lamp Posts]	3.00	
Amount from L. C. Smith [laying pavement]	47.12	
Amount from J. H. Coleman, Pres't	418.80	
Amount from C. & M. Trolley, paving	200.00	
Amount from discount at Bank	3,966.66	
Amount from interest on same	45.00	
Amount from sale of Bonds	6,225.00	
Amount from Bond holders [State tax]	19.63	
Total		45,014.88

D. W. Campbell, Treasurer.

CR

By Amount orders paid ac. '05		193.92
Amount orders paid ac. '07		28,917.49
Amount coupons paid August 1905		4.00
Amount coupons paid February 1906		4.00
Amount coupons paid August 1906		14.00
Amount coupons paid February 1907		144.25
Amount coupons paid August 1907		1,492.87
Amount coupons paid February 1908		1,269.26
Amount of Bonds paid		6,225.00
Amount disconnt at Bank paid		3,966.66
Amount of Treas. Commission received		286.08
Amount of Treas. Commission Due		96.56
Amount of Treas. Commission Due on street paving collections		4.00
Amount of Treas. Commission Due allowed Treasurer State Tax		14.75
Amount of Balance in hands of Treasurer		2,382.04
Total		45,014.88

Respectfully submitted,
D. W. CAMPBELL, Treas.

Streets and Highways.

J. H. Giger, Com. of Highways salary for year 1906	38 32
J. H. Giger, Com. of Highways salary for year 1907	495 00
J. C. Brown, Town Engineer salary for year 1906	27 00
J. C. Brown, Town Engineer salary for year 1907	94 25
W. H. Eyer, Engineer	41 75
W. C. Richart, coal crusher	34 48
Harman & Hassert, repairs, crusher	25 30
J. B. Brobst, smithing	3 15
S. Knorr & Son, smithing	35
W. O. Holmes, pipe, labor, &c.	35 95
Thos. Gorrey & Son, culvert, Brugler's alley	394 63
Dieffenbach & Quick, dirt	33 30
Richards Mfg. Co., 56 cast iron plates	153 64
Richards Mfg. Co., 1 crossing plate	2 74
W. M. Monroe, agent, powder, fuse, &c.	21 70
Harman & Hassert, smithing	35
Creasy & Wells, lumber	130 87
A. L. Hyssong, pipe	364 43
Bloom Water Co., cinder	10 70
Ritter & Smith, marking stones	2 00
J. R. Schuyler, hardware	12 43
J. R. Fowler	1863 10
J. E. Welliver, smithing	16 50
P. & R. Ry. Co, freight, brick	97 60
" " " demurrage	2 00
" " " freight, brick	339 20
T. L. Smith, smithing	14 25
Moyer Bros, lard oil, etc	2 70
Mack Mfg. Co., brick	2622 42
Mack Mfg. Co., brick	173 90
G. B. Martin, smithing	13 70
Jno. Gorrey, pavements [of M. I. Hennessy	69 36
Robert Runyon, cart	18 50
Robert Ruyon, freight on same	40
Jno. Gorrey, pavement of G. Smith	55 07
H. U. Hendershot, painting fountain	7 00
D. J. Rogers, brick	106 77
" " lading	6 75
Jno. Gorrey, pavement of J. Jones	48 96
E. J. Brown, sprinkling	21 00
F. W. Hess, cobblestones	4 90
William Ferguson, brick	170 00
Fred Ikeler, trying Wilbur Hower case	130 00
Fred Ikeler, opinion on J. R. Fowler bond	20 00
L. E. Waller, cinder	313 84
W. B. Ferguson, sand and gravel	47 90
American C. & F. Co., pipe	34 13
Mack Mfg. Co., brick	179 60
D. L. & W. R. R, Co., freight on pipe	1 14
J. W. Ohl, repairs to fountain	2 25
M. T. Ohl, culvert, Brugler's alley	800 28
Mellick and Fowler, paving	3020 02
Witnesses in Wilbur Hower case	81 34
Labor and hauling	4987 12
	17194 04

New Streets and Extensions.

C. M. Terwilliger, No. 5 Sept. Ses. 1906, opening Ridge alley	5 25
R. G. Phillips, picture of E. 4th street	10 00
Viewers opening E. 4th street	28 00
M. W. Betz, serving notices E. 4th street	6 00
Viewers, opening E. 4th strect	70 00
C. E. Whitenight, serving notices East 4th street	14 00
Brown and Eyer, Draft, etc. E 4th street	38 00
C. M. Terwilliger, costs East 4th street	13 50
	184 75

Water.

Bloom Water Co., Jan., Feb'y. March, 1907	270 00
" " " new plugs &c	143 85
" " " for year 1907	1002 50
	1416 35

Street Light.

Irondale E. L. H. & P. Co. for March 1907	309 84
Irondale E. L. H. & P. Co. for year 1907	3589 49
	3899 33

Town Hall.

J. H. Mercer, stationery	24 90
American Gas Light Co., gas	10 40
J. S. Edwards, coal	251 49
Frank Girton, janitor	150 00
H. S. Kauffman, wiring, repairs, etc	303 45
A. C. DeSheppard, repairs	11 10
J. C. Brown, envelopes	5 33
A. V. Hower, watchman	13 00
Harman & Hassert, grate and pattern	6 50
W. H. Cook, painting	82 00
American C. & F. Co., coal	10 71
Richards Mfg. Co., repairs	17 75
W. C. Richart, coal	4 92
W. R. Kocher, coal	7 70
J. L. Sharpless, repairs	50
W. R. Casey, repairs	5 10
Hartman & Mendenhall, repairs	11 97
	916 22

Miscellaneous.

Freeze Quick	20 00
Freeze Quick	220 00
Thomas Webb	12 50
Thomas Webb	262 50
C. M. Terwilliger, 71 tax claims	71 00
F. W. Redeker, Sec'y B. of H.	120 00
F. W. Redeker, Sec'y B. of H. postage	4 00
Morning Press, damages	32 20
Fred Ikeler	100 00
John G. Harman	100 00
H. Mont. Smith	100 00
J. C. Brown, 1000 stamped envelopes	21 00
C. F. Altemiller	24 00
J. D. Armstrong, mdse. Mrs. Prescott	8 21
P. H. Freeze	14 00
J. L. Townsend	14 00
A. H. Stroh	14 00
Samuel Shaffer	15 00
Farmers National Bank, loan 60 days at five per cent	1000 00
Farmers National Bank, loan 60 days at five per cent	3000 00
W. B Linville, transcribing testimony, Hower case	10 00
Davis Bros. & Co., flowers	10 00
E. O. Heller, milk, F. Sterner	6 96
Mary E. Ent and Anna D. Billmeyer, rent	28 00
C. C. Yetter, Re-indexing ordinances	200 00
C. C. Yetter, fee in Hower case	250 00
C. C. Yetter	375 00
W. S. Rishton, alcohol	1 00
F. W. Redeker, Sec'y B. of H. 8 months	80 00
W. M. Reber, mdse. Board of Health	1 50
H. Mont. Smith, fee, entering tax claims	485 08
Moyer Bros., mdse	68 64
Bloomsburg Public Library	150 00
Geo. Wagonseller, meals, tramps	2 55
Mrs. C. L. Cromis, mdse, F. Richards	4 32
Mrs. C. L. Cromis, mdse., W. W. Emery	4 21
Fred Ikeler, opinion, Soldiers' Monument	15 00
D. W. Campbell, Treas. State Tax	280 23
D. W. Campbell, Treas. Com, paid C. C. Yetter, cobb. paving	130 99
D. W. Campbell, Treas. interest on orders	45 84
W. V. Robbins, Com	79 57
H. B. Sharpless, mdse	47 83
	7429 13

Fire.

Hope Penman for March 1907	10 00
Hope Penman for year 1907	110 00
Harman & Hassert, waste for engine	3 00
A. C. DeSheppard, keys, fire alarm boxes	4 00
Larkin Mfg. Co. nozzle and valve	80 00
J. B. Brobst, box, Rescue Co	17 48
J. S. Edwards, coal, Rescue Co	9 19
J. S. Latta & Co. ½ dozen hats	4 50
Adams Express Co. express on hats	30
Larkin Mfg. Co., supplies	130 60
Friendship Fire Co	150 00
Rescue Fire Co	100 00
Liberty Fire Co	100 00
Winona Fire Co	75 00
J. S. Edwards, coal, Liberty Fire Co	5 92
American C. & F. Co., coal Liberty Fire Co	4 19
G. A. Hartman, hauling hose	1 05
Derr Bros., rent for barn	80 00
C. L. Rupert, hauling truck	6 00
O. A. Wolf, mending coat	65
W. O. DeWitt, examining Fire Alarm	10 00
	901 88

Printing.

J. C. Brown, annual statement	25 00
Morning Press " "	25 00
Morning Press	104 16
Democratic Sentinel	13 97
G. E. Elwell	10 00
Rutter Printing House	9 75
Bloomsburg Daily	85 03
J. C. Rutter, Jr	11 25
	284 16

Police.

Wesley Knorr	80 00
Wesley Knorr Estate	28 50
M. W. Betz, Constable, salary for 1906	50 00
F. P. Baum, Acting Chief	31 75
" " Chief	405 00
" " Police for year '07	14 09
U. C. O'Blosser	24 75
Clad Hower	21 00
Glenn Seibert	25 25
H. W. Giger	28 75
Frank Dietterick	14 50
S. W Shutt	12 00
Louis Gross, Police Suits	75 00
William Dietterick	21 00
Ernest Miller	33 25
F. R. Drake	17 00
J. Corbett	17 75
T. T. Freeze	13 25
Charles Vanliew	29 25
A. Shultz	15 50
A. M. Wintersteen	2 50
Lee Washburn	1 00
J. R. Townsend	8 00
Harder Sportsman Supply Co	17 20
William Sechrist	8 50
Frank Emery	21 00
George Belig	45 25
A. V. Hower	50
Jacob Faux	7 50
M. W. Betz	35 32
L. Helderbrandt	50
Jacob Kitchen	50
F. P. Baum, board for tramps	80
	1104 16

Recapitulation.

Streets and Highways	17194 04
New Streets and Extensions	184 75
Water	1416 35
Fire	901 88
Police	1104 16
Street Light	3899 33
Town Hall	916 22
Printing	284 16
Miscellaneous	7429 13
	33330 02
Deduct orders of 1907 outstanding	445 87
	32884 15

Liabilities.

Funded Debt	$73745 00	
Orders outstanding..	652 48	
Coupons "	225 41	
Due Irondale E. L. H. P. Co., about...	350 00	$74972 89

Assets.

Bal. on dup. of 1905.	19 20	
" on dup. of 1906.	906 60	
" on dup. of 1907.	7747 54	
Fire Engine & Hose.	5500 00	
Town Hall and Lot	15000 00	
Hook and Ladder Truck & hose cart	1900 00	
Athletic Park	6000 00	
Bal. in Treas. hands	2382 04	39455 38

Statement showing accrued liabilities and available assets.

Liabilities.

Orders outstanding..	652 48	
Coupons "	225 41	877 89

Assets.

Bal. on dup. of 1905.	19 20	
" on dup. of 1906.	906 60	
" on dup. of 1907.	7747 54	
Bal. in Treas. hands	2382 04	11055 38
Assets in excess of liabilities		9177 49

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., do hereby certify that we have examined the accounts of President, Secretary and Treasurer and find them correct. We highly commend the manner in which the Secretary and Treasurer have kept their books.

P. H. FREEZE,
HARRY S. BARTON,
A. H. STROH. } Auditors

May 1, 1908.

Nine hundred thousand wall-eyed pike from the state hatchery at Erie, have been put in the Susquehanna river at Northumberland.

New Malay Opium Cure

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Bulletin.

REDUCED RATES TO WESTERN CITIES.

For the benefit of delegates attending the sessions of the bodies enumerated below and others desiring to visit the cities of the West, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged to place on sale to all persons excursion tickets to the various meeting places at a considerable reduction from the usual fares:

CHICAGO, ILL. American Medical Association, June 2 to 5. Tickets sold May 28 to 30, good returning until June 12, inclusive.

LOUISVILLE, KY. International Sunday School Association, June 15 to 23. Tickets sold June 13 to 17, good returning, until June 26, inclusive.

CHICAGO, ILL. Republican National Convention, June 17. Tickets sold June 12 to 16, good returning until June 27, inclusive.

DENVER, COL. Democratic National Convention, July 7. Tickets sold July 1 to 4, good to return until July 17, inclusive.

CLEVELAND, OHIO. International Convention, Baptists Young People's Union of America, July 8 to 12. Tickets sold July 6 to 8, good to return until July 15, inclusive.

ST. PAUL, MINN. Imperial Council, Mystic Shrine, July 13 to 18. Tickets sold July 9 to 11, good to return until July 25, inclusive.

COLUMBUS, OHIO. Prohibition National Convention, July 14 to 16. Tickets sold July 10 to 13, good to return until July 24, inclusive.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND. National Convenion, A. O. H,, July 20 to 25. Tickets sold July 17 to 19, good to return until July 31, inclusive.

TOLEDO, OHIO. National Encampment, G. A. R., August 31 to September 5. Tickets sold August 27 to 30, good to return until September 15, inclusive.

DENVER, COL. Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O F., September 19 to 26. Tickets sold September 15 to 17, good to return until September 30, inclusive.

The Pennsylvania Railroad maintains a comprehensive schedule of fast express trains to Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Louisville, Columbus, Cleveland, and Toledo from the principal cities of the East.

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